

# MYH9 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18112b

## **Specification**

### MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

WB,E Application **Primary Accession** P35579 Other Accession NP 002464.1 Human, Mouse Reactivity Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Region 1840-1867

## MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 4627**

### **Other Names**

Myosin-9, Cellular myosin heavy chain, type A, Myosin heavy chain 9, Myosin heavy chain, non-muscle IIa, Non-muscle myosin heavy chain A, NMMHC-A, Non-muscle myosin heavy chain IIa, NMMHC II-a, NMMHC-IIA, MYH9

## Target/Specificity

This MYH9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1840-1867 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MYH9.

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:2000

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

MYH9 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

## Name MYH9

Function Cellular myosin that appears to play a role in cytokinesis, cell shape, and specialized



functions such as secretion and capping. Required for cortical actin clearance prior to oocyte exocytosis (By similarity). Promotes cell motility in conjunction with S100A4 (PubMed:16707441). During cell spreading, plays an important role in cytoskeleton reorganization, focal contact formation (in the margins but not the central part of spreading cells), and lamellipodial retraction; this function is mechanically antagonized by MYH10 (PubMed:20052411).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cell cortex {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8VDD5}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, Cortical granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8VDD5}. Note=Colocalizes with actin filaments at lamellipodia margins and at the leading edge of migrating cells (PubMed:20052411). In retinal pigment epithelial cells, predominantly localized to stress fiber-like structures with some localization to cytoplasmic puncta (PubMed:27331610)

#### **Tissue Location**

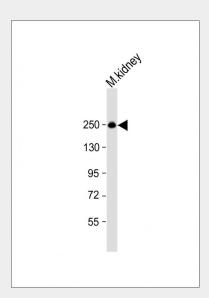
In the kidney, expressed in the glomeruli. Also expressed in leukocytes.

## MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

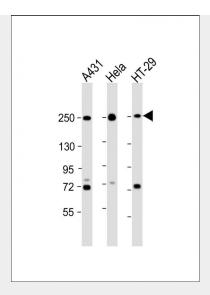
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Anti- MYH9 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution + mouse kidney lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 227 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.





All lanes : Anti-MYH9 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 3: HT-29 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 227 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes a myosin IIA heavy chain that contains an IQ domain and a myosin head-like domain. The protein is involved in several important functions, including cytokinesis, cell motility and maintenance of cell shape. Defects in MYH9 are the cause of non-syndromic sensorineural deafness autosomal dominant type 17, Epstein syndrome, Alport syndrome with macrothrombocytopenia, Sebastian syndrome, Fechtner syndrome and macrothrombocytopenia with progressive sensorineural deafness.

## MYH9 Antibody (C-term) - References

Arii, J., et al. Nature 467(7317):859-862(2010) Genovese, G., et al. Kidney Int. 78(7):698-704(2010) Tzur, S., et al. Hum. Genet. 128(3):345-350(2010) Bostrom, M.A., et al. Hum. Genet. 128(2):195-204(2010) Oleksyk, T.K., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11474 (2010) :