

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP18247a**Specification**

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q6IPX3
Other Accession	NP_001006939.2
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	22298
Antigen Region	43-69

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 158931**Other Names**

Transcription elongation factor A protein-like 6, TCEA-like protein 6, Transcription elongation factor S-II protein-like 6, TCEAL6

Target/Specificity

This TCEAL6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 43-69 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human TCEAL6.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** TCEAL6**Function** May be involved in transcriptional regulation.

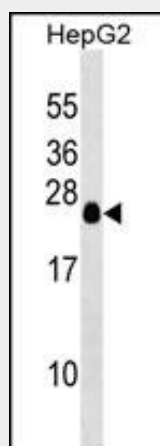
Cellular Location

Nucleus.

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Images

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP18247a) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TCEAL6 antibody detected the TCEAL6 protein (arrow).

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - Background

TCEAL6 may be involved in transcriptional regulation.

TCEAL6 Antibody (N-term) - References

Matsuoka, S., et al. Science 316(5828):1160-1166(2007)
Ross, M.T., et al. Nature 434(7031):325-337(2005)