

## **OR2A4 Antibody (N-term)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18306a

## **Specification**

## **OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application WB,E
Primary Accession 095047

Other Accession <u>Q96R45</u>, <u>NP 112170.1</u>

Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
90lyclonal
Rabbit IgG
70-96

## OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 79541**

#### **Other Names**

Olfactory receptor 2A4, Olfactory receptor 2A10, Olfactory receptor OR6-37, OR2A4, OR2A10

### Target/Specificity

This OR2A4 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 70-96 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR2A4.

# **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

# Name OR2A4

Synonyms OR2A10



Function Odorant receptor.

#### **Cellular Location**

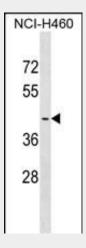
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

### **OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Images



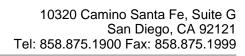
OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP18306a) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR2A4 antibody detected the OR2A4 protein (arrow).

## OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

## OR2A4 Antibody (N-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)





Mungall, A.J., et al. Nature 425(6960):805-811(2003)