

RNF41 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18548b

Specification

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>O9H4P4</u> <u>O5FWL3, Q8BH75, O7ZW16, NP_005776.1</u> Human Zebrafish, Mouse, Xenopus Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 35905 255-281

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10193

Other Names E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NRDP1, 632-, RING finger protein 41, RNF41, FLRF, NRDP1

Target/Specificity

This RNF41 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 255-281 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human RNF41.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name RNF41

Synonyms FLRF, NRDP1



Function Acts as E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase and regulates the degradation of target proteins. Polyubiquitinates MYD88. Negatively regulates MYD88-dependent production of pro-inflammatory cytokines. Can promote TRIF-dependent production of type I interferon and inhibits infection with vesicular stomatitis virus (By similarity). Promotes also activation of TBK1 and IRF3. Involved in the ubiquitination of erythropoietin (EPO) and interleukin-3 (IL-3) receptors. Thus, through maintaining basal levels of cytokine receptors, RNF41 is involved in the control of hematopoietic progenitor cell differentiation into myeloerythroid lineages (By similarity). Contributes to the maintenance of steady-state ERBB3 levels by mediating its growth factor-independent degradation. Involved in the degradation of the inhibitor of apoptosis BIRC6 and thus is an important regulator of cell death by promoting apoptosis. Acts also as a PRKN modifier that accelerates its degradation, resulting in a reduction of PRKN activity, influencing the balance of intracellular redox state. The RNF41-PRKN pathway regulates autophagosome-lysosome fusion during late mitophagy. Mitophagy is a selective form of autophagy necessary for mitochondrial quality control (PubMed:24949970).

Tissue Location

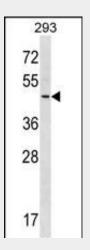
Detected in ovary, testis and prostate.

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Images



RNF41 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP18548b) western blot analysis in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the RNF41 antibody detected the RNF41 protein (arrow).

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene contains a RING finger, a motif present in a variety of functionally distinct proteins and known to be involved in protein-protein and protein-DNA



interactions. The specific function of this protein has not yet been determined. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding two distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq].

RNF41 Antibody (C-term) - References

Ingalla, E.Q., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(37):28691-28697(2010) Chen, L., et al. Cancer Res. 70(14):5994-6003(2010) Mo, X., et al. Parkinsonism Relat. Disord. 16(3):222-224(2010) Aharinejad, S., et al. Transplantation 89(2):245-252(2010) Yu, F., et al. Neurosci. Lett. 440(1):4-8(2008)