

RPL36A Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18971B

Specification

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession

Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>P83881</u> <u>Q969Q0</u>, <u>P83883</u>, <u>P83884</u>, <u>P83882</u>, <u>P61485</u>, <u>Q3SZ59</u>, <u>NP_066357.1</u> Human Bovine, Zebrafish, Mouse, Pig, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 12441 74-102

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6173

Other Names

60S ribosomal protein L36a, 60S ribosomal protein L44, Cell growth-inhibiting gene 15 protein, Cell migration-inducing gene 6 protein, RPL36A, RPL44

Target/Specificity

This RPL36A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 74-102 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human RPL36A.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name RPL36A



Synonyms RPL44

Function Component of the large ribosomal subunit. The ribosome is a large ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the synthesis of proteins in the cell.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Images

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Hela
36
28
17 • •
10
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RPL36A Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP18971b) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the RPL36A antibody detected the RPL36A protein (arrow).

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - Background

Cytoplasmic ribosomes, organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which shares sequence similarity with yeast ribosomal protein L44, belongs to the L44E (L36AE) family of ribosomal proteins. Although this gene has been referred to as ribosomal protein L44 (RPL44), its official name is ribosomal protein L36a (RPL36A). This gene and the human gene officially named ribosomal protein L36a-like (RPL36AL) encode nearly identical proteins; however, they are distinct genes. As is typical for genes encoding



ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

RPL36A Antibody (C-term) - References

Ewing, R.M., et al. Mol. Syst. Biol. 3, 89 (2007) : Ross, M.T., et al. Nature 434(7031):325-337(2005) Kim, J.H., et al. Hepatology 39(1):129-138(2004) Kapp, L.D., et al. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 73, 657-704 (2004) : Mazumder, B., et al. Cell 115(2):187-198(2003)