

AQP3 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19289c

Specification

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>O92482</u> <u>P47862</u>, <u>O8R2N1</u>, <u>O08DE6</u>, <u>NP_004916.1</u> Human, Mouse Bovine, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 31544 163-191

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 360

Other Names Aquaporin-3, AQP-3, Aquaglyceroporin-3, AQP3

Target/Specificity

This AQP3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 163-191 amino acids from the Central region of human AQP3.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AQP3 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name AQP3

Function Water channel required to promote glycerol permeability and water transport across cell



membranes (PubMed:<u>12239222</u>, PubMed:<u>30420639</u>). Acts as a glycerol transporter in skin and plays an important role in regulating SC (stratum corneum) and epidermal glycerol content. Involved in skin hydration, wound healing, and tumorigenesis. Provides kidney medullary collecting duct with high permeability to water, thereby permitting water to move in the direction of an osmotic gradient. Slightly permeable to urea and may function as a water and urea exit mechanism in antidiuresis in collecting duct cells. It may play an important role in gastrointestinal tract water transport and in glycerol metabolism (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P47862}. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P47862}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P47862}

Tissue Location

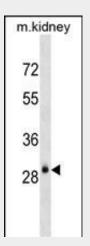
Widely expressed in epithelial cells of kidney (collecting ducts) and airways, in keratinocytes, immature dendritic cells and erythrocytes. Isoform 2 is not detectable in erythrocytes at the protein level

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

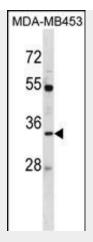
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Images



AQP3 Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AP19289c) western blot analysis in mouse kidney tissue lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the AQP3 antibody detected the AQP3 protein (arrow).



AQP3 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP19289c) western blot analysis in MDA-MB453 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the AQP3 antibody detected the AQP3 protein (arrow).

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - Background

Aquaporin 3 is a water channel protein. Aquaporins are a family of small integral membrane proteins related to the major intrinsic protein (MIP or AQPO). Aquaporin 3 is localized at the basal lateral membranes of collecting duct cells in the kidney. In addition to its water channel function, aquaporin 3 has been found to facilitate the transport of nonionic small solutes such as urea and glycerol, but to a smaller degree. It has been suggested that water channels can be functionally heterogeneous and possess water and solute permeation mechanisms.

AQP3 Antibody (Center) - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Kim, N.H., et al. J. Invest. Dermatol. 130(9):2231-2239(2010) Ji, C., et al. Int. J. Mol. Med. 26(2):257-263(2010) Melis, M., et al. Dis. Colon Rectum 53(6):936-943(2010) Shen, L., et al. Biomed. Pharmacother. 64(5):313-318(2010)