

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19602a

Specification

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>Q8NGG7</u> <u>NP_001005194.1</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 36388 10-39

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 390275

Other Names Olfactory receptor 8A1, OST025, Olfactory receptor OR11-318, OR8A1

Target/Specificity

This OR8A1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 10-39 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR8A1.

Dilution WB~~1:500

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR8A1

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

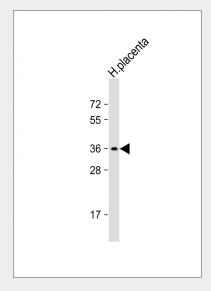
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Images



Anti-OR8A1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:500 dilution + human placenta lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 36 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR8A1 Antibody(N-term) - References



Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004) Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)