

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19686b

Specification

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NGQ3

Other Accession NP 001004459.1

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
221-249

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 219958

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 1S2, Olfactory receptor OR11-231, OR1S2

Target/Specificity

This OR1S2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 221-249 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human OR1S2.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Protein Information

Name OR1S2

Function Odorant receptor.





Cellular Location

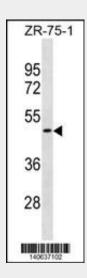
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Images



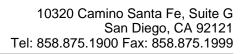
OR1S2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP19686b) western blot analysis in ZR-75-1 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR1S2 antibody detected the OR1S2 protein (arrow).

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR1S2 Antibody(C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)





Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)