

## **CRYM Antibody (Center)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19781c

### **Specification**

## **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

**Application** WB,E **Primary Accession** 014894 Other Accession NP 001879.1 Reactivity Mouse Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 33776 Antigen Region 154-183

### **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 1428**

#### **Other Names**

Ketimine reductase mu-crystallin, NADP-regulated thyroid-hormone-binding protein, CRYM, THBP

#### Target/Specificity

This CRYM antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 154-183 amino acids from the Central region of human CRYM.

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

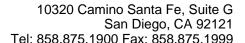
#### **Precautions**

CRYM Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

## **Name CRYM**

**Synonyms THBP** 





**Function** Specifically catalyzes the reduction of imine bonds in brain substrates that may include cystathionine ketimine (CysK) and lanthionine ketimine (LK). Binds thyroid hormone which is a strong reversible inhibitor. Presumably involved in the regulation of the free intracellular concentration of triiodothyronine and access to its nuclear receptors.

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm.

#### **Tissue Location**

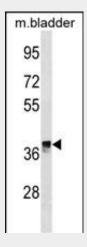
Expressed in neural tissue, muscle and kidney.

## **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Images**



CRYM Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP19781c) western blot analysis in mouse bladder tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CRYM antibody detected the CRYM protein (arrow).

## **CRYM Antibody (Center) - Background**

Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific and ubiquitous. The former class is also called phylogenetically-restricted crystallins. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. This gene encodes a taxon-specific crystallin protein that binds NADPH and has sequence similarity to bacterial ornithine cyclodeaminases. The encoded protein does not perform a structural role in lens tissue, and instead it binds thyroid hormone for possible regulatory or





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developmental roles. Mutations in this gene have been associated with autosomal dominant non-syndromic deafness. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

# **CRYM Antibody (Center) - References**

Martins-de-Souza, D., et al. J Psychiatr Res (2010) In press: Al-Kafaji, G., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 391(4):1585-1591(2010) Malinowska, K., et al. Prostate 69(10):1109-1118(2009) Martins-de-Souza, D., et al. J Psychiatr Res 43(11):978-986(2009) Martins-de-Souza, D., et al. Eur Arch Psychiatry Clin Neurosci 259(3):151-163(2009)