

## **COPG Antibody (C-term)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19908b

### **Specification**

## **COPG Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

**Application** WB,E **Primary Accession** O9Y678 Other Accession NP 057212.1 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 97718 Antigen Region 721-750

### **COPG Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

#### Gene ID 22820

### **Other Names**

Coatomer subunit gamma-1, Gamma-1-coat protein, Gamma-1-COP, COPG1, COPG

### Target/Specificity

This COPG antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 721-750 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human COPG.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

COPG Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **COPG Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

# Name COPG1

Synonyms COPG



**Function** The coatomer is a cytosolic protein complex that binds to dilysine motifs and reversibly associates with Golgi non-clathrin- coated vesicles, which further mediate biosynthetic protein transport from the ER, via the Golgi up to the trans Golgi network. Coatomer complex is required for budding from Golgi membranes, and is essential for the retrograde Golgi-to-ER transport of dilysine-tagged proteins. In mammals, the coatomer can only be recruited by membranes associated to ADP-ribosylation factors (ARFs), which are small GTP-binding proteins; the complex also influences the Golgi structural integrity, as well as the processing, activity, and endocytic recycling of LDL receptors. Required for limiting lipid storage in lipid droplets. Involved in lipid homeostasis by regulating the presence of perilipin family members PLIN2 and PLIN3 at the lipid droplet surface and promoting the association of adipocyte triglyceride lipase (PNPLA2) with the lipid droplet surface to mediate lipolysis (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

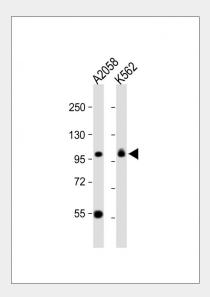
Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle, COPI-coated vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=The coatomer is cytoplasmic or polymerized on the cytoplasmic side of the Golgi, as well as on the vesicles/buds originating from it. Predominantly located in the cis- Golgi apparatus.

## **COPG Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### COPG Antibody (C-term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-COPG Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: A2058 whole cell lysate Lane 2: K562 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 98 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



# COPG Antibody (C-term) - Background

The coatomer is a cytosolic protein complex that binds to dilysine motifs and reversibly associates with Golgi non-clathrin-coated vesicles, which further mediate biosynthetic protein transport from the ER, via the Golgi up to the trans Golgi network. Coatomer complex is required for budding from Golgi membranes, and is essential for the retrograde Golgi-to-ER transport of dilysine-tagged proteins. In mammals, the coatomer can only be recruited by membranes associated to ADP-ribosylation factors (ARFs), which are small GTP-binding proteins; the complex also influences the Golgi structural integrity, as well as the processing, activity, and endocytic recycling of LDL receptors (By similarity).

# **COPG Antibody (C-term) - References**

Pinheiro, A.P., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 153B (5), 1070-1080 (2010): Ewing, R.M., et al. Mol. Syst. Biol. 3, 89 (2007): Lippincott-Schwartz, J., et al. Trends Cell Biol. 16 (10), E1-E4 (2006): Watson, P.J., et al. Traffic 5(2):79-88(2004) Rohde, H.M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 278(52):52689-52699(2003)