

MORC2 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20588c

Specification

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application IF, WB,E
Primary Accession Q9Y6X9
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 828-862

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 22880

Other Names

MORC family CW-type zinc finger protein 2, Zinc finger CW-type coiled-coil domain protein 1, MORC2, KIAA0852, ZCWCC1

Target/Specificity

This MORC2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 828-862 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MORC2.

Dilution

IF~~1:25 WB~~1:2000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name MORC2 (HGNC:23573)

Synonyms KIAA0852, ZCWCC1



Function Essential for epigenetic silencing by the HUSH (human silencing hub) complex. Recruited by HUSH to target site in heterochromatin, the ATPase activity and homodimerization are critical for HUSH-mediated silencing (PubMed:28581500, PubMed:29440755, PubMed:32693025). Represses germ cell-related genes and L1 retrotransposons in collaboration with SETDB1 and the HUSH complex, the silencing is dependent of repressive epigenetic modifications, such as H3K9me3 mark. Silencing events often occur within introns of transcriptionally active genes, and lead to the down-regulation of host gene expression (PubMed:29211708). During DNA damage response, regulates chromatin remodeling through ATP hydrolysis. Upon DNA damage, is phosphorylated by PAK1, both colocalize to chromatin and induce H2AX expression. ATPase activity is required and dependent of phosphorylation by PAK1 and presence of DNA (PubMed:23260667). Recruits histone deacetylases, such as HDAC4, to promoter regions, causing local histone H3 deacetylation and transcriptional repression of genes such as CA9 (PubMed:20225202, PubMed:20110259). Exhibits a cytosolic function in lipogenesis, adipogenic differentiation, and lipid homeostasis by increasing the activity of ACLY, possibly preventing its dephosphorylation (PubMed:24286864).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol Chromosome Nucleus matrix. Note=Mainly located in the nucleus (PubMed:20225202). Upon phosphorylation at Ser-739, recruited to damaged chromatin (PubMed:23260667)

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in smooth muscle, pancreas and testis

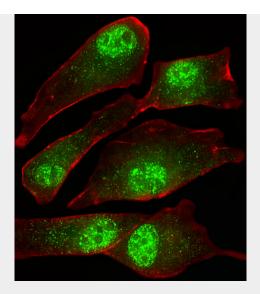
MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

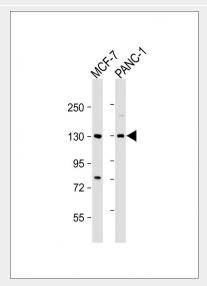
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Images





Fluorescent image of U-87 MG cells stained with MORC2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AP20588c). AP20588c was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody (green). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 conjugated with Phalloidin (red).



All lanes : Anti-MORC2 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 2: PANC-1 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 118 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

May act as a transcriptional repressor. Down-regulates CA9 expression.

MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - References

Nagase T.,et al.DNA Res. 5:355-364(1998).
Collins J.E.,et al.Genome Biol. 5:R84.1-R84.11(2004).
Dunham I.,et al.Nature 402:489-495(1999).
Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).





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MORC2 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

 Stabilization of MORC2 by estrogen and antiestrogens through GPER1- PRKACA-CMA pathway contributes to estrogen-induced proliferation and endocrine resistance of breast cancer cells