

### **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20862a

### **Specification**

### **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P26358
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 183165

# **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 1786**

#### **Other Names**

DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 1, Dnmt1, CXXC-type zinc finger protein 9, DNA methyltransferase Hsal, DNA MTase Hsal, MHsal, MCMT, DNMT1, AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

# **Target/Specificity**

This DNMT1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 363-396 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human DNMT1.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

# **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

DNMT1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

### Name DNMT1

Synonyms AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

Function Methylates CpG residues. Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA. Associates



with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance. Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication. It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2. In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9. Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS- mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:24623306). Also required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:24623306). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:24623306). Promotes tumor growth (PubMed:24623306).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Note=Localized to the perinucleolar region.

### **Tissue Location**

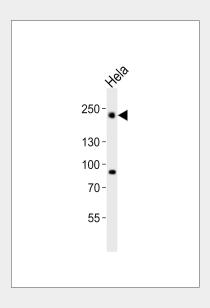
Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal tissues, heart, kidney, placenta, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and expressed at lower levels in spleen, lung, brain, small intestine, colon, liver, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is less expressed than isoform 1.

# **DNMT1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### DNMT1 Antibody (N-term) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysate from Hela cell line, using DNMT1 Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AP20862a). AP20862a was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 20ug.

### **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term) - Background

Methylates CpG residues. Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA. Associates with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance. Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication. It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2. In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9.

### **DNMT1** Antibody (N-term) - References

Yen R.-W.C., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 20:2287-2291(1992). Yoder J.A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 271:31092-31097(1996). Li L.C., et al. Submitted (AUG-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Grimwood J., et al. Nature 428:529-535(2004). Hsu D.-W., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:9751-9756(1999).