

### (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21254c

### **Specification**

# (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8BUN5
Reactivity Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 48081

## (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 17127**

#### **Other Names**

Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 3, MAD homolog 3, Mad3, Mothers against DPP homolog 3, mMad3, SMAD family member 3, SMAD 3, Smad3, Smad3, Madh3

# **Target/Specificity**

This Mouse Smad3 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 157-191 amino acids from the Central region of Mouse Smad3.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:2000

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

(Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

### Name Smad3

## Synonyms Madh3

Function Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and



transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD3/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Also can form a SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP- 1/SMAD site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated transcription. Has an inhibitory effect on wound healing probably by modulating both growth and migration of primary keratinocytes and by altering the TGF-mediated chemotaxis of monocytes. This effect on wound healing appears to be hormone-sensitive. Regulator of chondrogenesis and osteogenesis and inhibits early healing of bone fractures. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta (PubMed:21145499). On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:21145499) Through the action of the phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (By similarity). Co-localizes with LEMD3 at the nucleus inner membrane (By similarity). MAPK-mediated phosphorylation appears to have no effect on nuclear import. PDPK1 prevents its nuclear translocation in response to TGF-beta (By similarity). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm of the inner cell mass at the blastocyst stage (PubMed:21145499). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84022, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499}

#### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in the brain and ovary. Detected in the pyramidal cells of the hippocampus, granule cells of the dentate gyrus, granular cells of the cerebral cortex and the granulosa cells of the ovary.

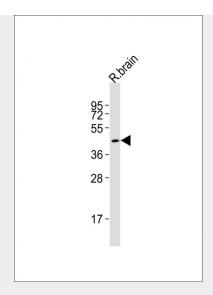
### (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

(Mouse)	Smad3	Antibody	/ (Center)	) -	<b>Images</b>
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Anti-Smad3 Antibody (Center)at 1:2000 dilution + rat brain lysates Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 48 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - Background

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD3/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Also can form a SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP-1/SMAD site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated transcription. Has an inhibitory effect on wound healing probably by modulating both growth and migration of primary keratinocytes and by altering the TGF- mediated chemotaxis of monocytes. This effect on wound healing appears to be hormone-sensitive. Regulator of chondrogenesis and osteogenesis and inhibits early healing of bone fractures. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator (By similarity).

### (Mouse) Smad3 Antibody (Center) - References

Kano K., et al. J. Vet. Med. Sci. 61:213-219(1999). Yang X., et al. Submitted (JUL-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Carninci P., et al. Science 309:1559-1563(2005). Liu X., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:10669-10674(1997). Ashcroft G.S., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 1:260-266(1999).