

USP4 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2133b

Specification

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	Q13107
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	903-933

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7375

Other Names

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 4, Deubiquitinating enzyme 4, Ubiquitin thioesterase 4, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 4, Ubiquitous nuclear protein homolog, USP4, UNP, UNPH

Target/Specificity

This USP4 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 903-933 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human USP4.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

USP4 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name USP4 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:30514904, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12627}

Function Deubiquitinating enzyme that removes conjugated ubiquitin from target proteins (PubMed:[16316627](#), PubMed:[16472766](#), PubMed:[16339847](#), PubMed:[20595234](#),

PubMed:[22347420](#), PubMed:[25404403](#), PubMed:[28604766](#), PubMed:[30514904](#)). Deubiquitinates PDPK1 (PubMed:[22347420](#)). Deubiquitinates TRIM21 (PubMed:[16316627](#)). Deubiquitinates receptor ADORA2A which increases the amount of functional receptor at the cell surface (PubMed:[16339847](#)). Deubiquitinates HAS2 (PubMed:[28604766](#)). Deubiquitinates RHEB in response to EGF signaling, promoting mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:[30514904](#)). May regulate mRNA splicing through deubiquitination of the U4 spliceosomal protein PRPF3 (PubMed:[20595234](#)). This may prevent its recognition by the U5 component PRPF8 thereby destabilizing interactions within the U4/U6.U5 snRNP (PubMed:[20595234](#)). May also play a role in the regulation of quality control in the ER (PubMed:[16339847](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Exported to the cytoplasm in a CRM1-dependent manner and recycled back to the nucleus via the importin alpha/beta heterodimeric import receptor. The relative amounts found in the nucleus and cytoplasm vary according to the cell type

Tissue Location

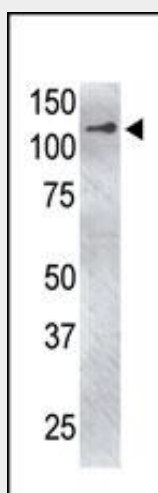
Overexpressed in small cell tumors and adenocarcinomas of the lung compared to wild-type lung (at protein level). Expressed in the hippocampal neurons

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

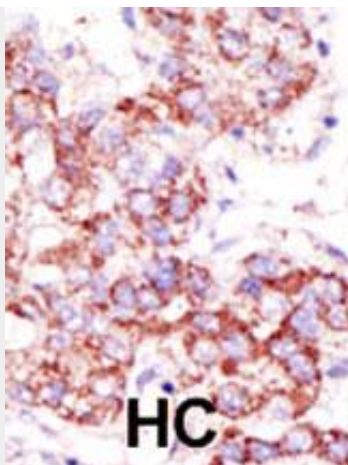
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Images



The anti-USP4 C-term Pab (Cat. #AP2133b) is used in Western blot to detect USP4 in USP4-transfected HeLa cell lysate. Transfection data is kindly provided by Dr. B. Pierrat from the Novartis Institute for Biomedical Research (Basel, Switzerland).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological functions. Proteins destined for degradation or processing via the 26 S proteasome are coupled to multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related molecules may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein activity. An additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases called deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases, ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),¹ OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehyde-binding proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these four families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating enzymes across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-terminal and occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are thought to function in substrate recognition, subcellular localization, and protein-protein interactions.

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - References

Frederick, A., et al., *Oncogene* 16(2):153-165 (1998). Gray, D.A., et al., *Oncogene* 10(11):2179-2183 (1995).

USP4 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- [Transcriptional profiling enables molecular classification of adrenocortical tumours.](#)