

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21418a

Specification

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P40224

Reactivity Human, Mouse Host Rabbit

Clonality polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 10561

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 20315

Other Names

Stromal cell-derived factor 1, SDF-1, 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol 13-acetate repressed protein 1, TPAR1, C-X-C motif chemokine 12, Pre-B cell growth-stimulating factor, PBSF, Thymic lymphoma cell-stimulating factor, TLSF, Cxcl12, Sdf1

Target/Specificity

This Mouse Cxcl12 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a Mouse Cxcl12 recombinant protein.

Dilution

WB~~1:4000-1:8000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Protein Information

Name Cxcl12

Synonyms Sdf1



Function Chemoattractant active on T-lymphocytes and monocytes but not neutrophils. Activates the C-X-C chemokine receptor CXCR4 to induce a rapid and transient rise in the level of intracellular calcium ions and chemotaxis. Also binds to atypical chemokine receptor ACKR3, which activates the beta-arrestin pathway and acts as a scavenger receptor for SDF-1. Binds to the allosteric site (site 2) of integrins and activates integrins ITGAV:ITGB3, ITGA4:ITGB1 and ITGA5:ITGB1 in a CXCR4-independent manner (By similarity). Acts as a positive regulator of monocyte migration and a negative regulator of monocyte adhesion via the LYN kinase. Stimulates migration of monocytes and T-lymphocytes through its receptors, CXCR4 and ACKR3, and decreases monocyte adherence to surfaces coated with ICAM-1, a ligand for beta-2 integrins. SDF1A/CXCR4 signaling axis inhibits beta-2 integrin LFA-1 mediated adhesion of monocytes to ICAM-1 through LYN kinase. Plays a protective role after myocardial infarction. Induces down-regulation and internalization of ACKR3 expressed in various cells (By similarity). Has several critical functions during embryonic development; required for B-cell lymphopoiesis, myelopoiesis in bone marrow and heart ventricular septum formation. Stimulates the proliferation of bone marrow-derived B-cell progenitors in the presence of IL7 as well as growth of stromal cell-dependent pre-B-cells (PubMed:8134392).

Cellular LocationSecreted.

Tissue Location

Highest expression levels detected in kidney, liver, spleen and muscle. Isoform Alpha is expressed ubiquitously but at varying levels, while isoform Beta displays tissue-specific expression, with expression detected in kidney, liver, heart, spleen and muscle but not in lung, colon, brain, skin and stomach

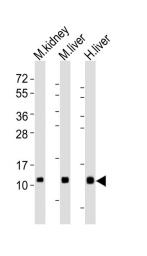
(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Images





All lanes: Anti-Cxcl12 Antibody at 1:4000-1:8000 dilution Lane 1: mouse kidney lysates Lane 2: mouse liver lysates Lane 3: human liver lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 11 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - Background

Chemoattractant active on T-lymphocytes, monocytes, but not neutrophils. Activates the C-X-C chemokine receptor CXCR4 to induce a rapid and transient rise in the level of intracellular calcium ions and chemotaxis. Also binds to atypical chemokine receptor ACKR3, which activates the beta-arrestin pathway and acts as a scavenger receptor for SDF-1. Acts as a positive regulator of monocyte migration and a negative regulator of monocyte adhesion via the LYN kinase. Stimulates migration of monocytes and T- lymphocytes through its receptors, CXCR4 and ACKR3, and decreases monocyte adherence to surfaces coated with ICAM-1, a ligand for beta-2 integrins. SDF1A/CXCR4 signaling axis inhibits beta-2 integrin LFA-1 mediated adhesion of monocytes to ICAM-1 through LYN kinase. Plays a protective role after myocardial infarction. Induces down-regulation and internalization of ACKR3 expressed in various cells (By similarity). Has several critical functions during embryonic development; required for B-cell lymphopoiesis, myelopoiesis in bone marrow and heart ventricular septum formation.

(Mouse) Cxcl12 Antibody - References

Tashiro K.,et al.Science 261:600-603(1993). Jiang W.,et al.Exp. Cell Res. 215:284-293(1994). Nagasawa T.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91:2305-2309(1994). Nomura M.,et al.Submitted (DEC-1994) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Carninci P.,et al.Science 309:1559-1563(2005).