

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP21635b**Specification**

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	O75044
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	120871

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 23380**Other Names**

SLIT-ROBO Rho GTPase-activating protein 2, srGAP2, Formin-binding protein 2, Rho GTPase-activating protein 34, SRGAP2, ARHGAP34, FNBP2, KIAA0456, SRGAP2A

Target/Specificity

This SRGAP2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 997-1030 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SRGAP2.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** SRGAP2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:11672528, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:19751}**Function** Postsynaptic RAC1 GTPase activating protein (GAP) that plays a key role in neuronal morphogenesis and migration mainly during development of the cerebral cortex (PubMed:[20810653](#), PubMed:[27373832](#), PubMed:[28333212](#)). Regulates excitatory and inhibitory

synapse maturation and density in cortical pyramidal neurons (PubMed:[22559944](#), PubMed:[27373832](#)). SRGAP2/SRGAP2A limits excitatory and inhibitory synapse density through its RAC1-specific GTPase activating activity, while it promotes maturation of both excitatory and inhibitory synapses through its ability to bind to the postsynaptic scaffolding protein HOMER1 at excitatory synapses, and the postsynaptic protein GPHN at inhibitory synapses (By similarity). Mechanistically, acts by binding and deforming membranes, thereby regulating actin dynamics to regulate cell migration and differentiation (PubMed:[27373832](#)). Promotes cell repulsion and contact inhibition of locomotion: localizes to protrusions with curved edges and controls the duration of RAC1 activity in contact protrusions (By similarity). In non-neuronal cells, may also play a role in cell migration by regulating the formation of lamellipodia and filopodia (PubMed:[20810653](#), PubMed:[21148482](#)).

Cellular Location

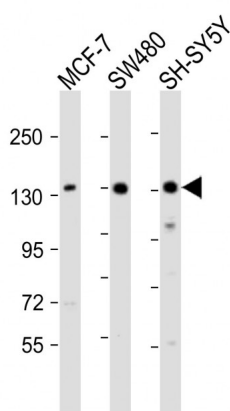
Cell membrane. Cell projection, dendritic spine. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Cell projection, lamellipodium. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:D4A208} Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Note=Recruited to actin-rich phagosomes during phagocytosis (By similarity). Translocates from nucleus to cytoplasm during development (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:D4A208, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91Z67}

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane

2: SW480 whole cell lysate Lane 3: SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 121 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

RAC1 GTPase activating protein (GAP) that binds and deforms membranes, and regulates actin dynamics to regulate cell migration and differentiation. Plays an important role in different aspects of neuronal morphogenesis and migration mainly during development of the cerebral cortex. This includes the biogenesis of neurites, where it is required for both axons and dendrites outgrowth, and the maturation of the dendritic spines. Also stimulates the branching of the leading process and negatively regulates neuron radial migration in the cerebral cortex. Its interaction and inhibition by SRGAP2C reduces the rate of spine maturation, alters dendritic spine morphology and density and indirectly increases neuronal migration. It may have implications for cognition, learning and memory. In non-neuronal cells, it may also play a role in cell migration by regulating the formation of lamellipodia and filopodia.

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) - References

Seki N.,et al.DNA Res. 4:345-349(1997).
Wong K.,et al.Cell 107:209-221(2001).
Olsen J.V.,et al.Cell 127:635-648(2006).
Dephoure N.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 105:10762-10767(2008).
Gauci S.,et al.Anal. Chem. 81:4493-4501(2009).