

# **GJA1 Antibody (C-Term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21800b

## **Specification**

# GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P17302
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 43008

# GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 2697**

#### **Other Names**

Gap junction alpha-1 protein, Connexin-43, Cx43, Gap junction 43 kDa heart protein, GJA1, GJAL

### Target/Specificity

This GJA1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 316-346 amino acids from human GJA1.

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:2000

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

## Name GIA1

### Synonyms GJAL

**Function** Gap junction protein that acts as a regulator of bladder capacity. A gap junction consists of a cluster of closely packed pairs of transmembrane channels, the connexons, through which



materials of low MW diffuse from one cell to a neighboring cell. May play a critical role in the physiology of hearing by participating in the recycling of potassium to the cochlear endolymph. Negative regulator of bladder functional capacity: acts by enhancing intercellular electrical and chemical transmission, thus sensitizing bladder muscles to cholinergic neural stimuli and causing them to contract (By similarity). May play a role in cell growth inhibition through the regulation of NOV expression and localization. Plays an essential role in gap junction communication in the ventricles (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, gap junction. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23242}. Note=Localizes at the intercalated disk (ICD) in cardiomyocytes and the proper localization at ICD is dependent on TMEM65. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23242}

### **Tissue Location**

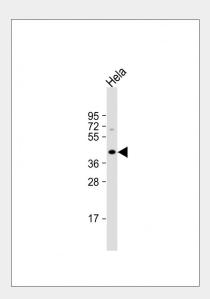
Expressed in the heart and fetal cochlea.

## GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Images



Anti-GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution + Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 43 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - Background





Gap junction protein that acts as a regulator of bladder capacity. A gap junction consists of a cluster of closely packed pairs of transmembrane channels, the connexons, through which materials of low MW diffuse from one cell to a neighboring cell. May play a critical role in the physiology of hearing by participating in the recycling of potassium to the cochlear endolymph. Negative regulator of bladder functional capacity: acts by enhancing intercellular electrical and chemical transmission, thus sensitizing bladder muscles to cholinergic neural stimuli and causing them to contract (By similarity).

# GJA1 Antibody (C-Term) - References

Fishman G.I., et al.J. Cell Biol. 111:589-598(1990). Fishman G.I., et al. Genomics 10:250-256(1991). Haefliger J.-A., et al. Eur. Heart J. 20:1843-1843(1999). Halleck A., et al. Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).