

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3517a

Specification

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Product Information

Application DB,E **Primary Accession** P26358 Other Accession O24K09 Reactivity Human Predicted **Bovine** Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 183165

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1786

Other Names

DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 1, Dnmt1, CXXC-type zinc finger protein 9, DNA methyltransferase Hsal, DNA MTase Hsal, MCMT, DNMT1, AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

Target/Specificity

This Dnmt1 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S714 of human Dnmt1.

Dilution

DB~~1:500

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Protein Information

Name DNMT1

Synonyms AIM, CXXC9, DNMT



Function Methylates CpG residues. Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA. Associates with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance. Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication. It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2. In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9. Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS- mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:24623306). Also required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:24623306). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:24623306). Promotes tumor growth (PubMed:24623306).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Localized to the perinucleolar region.

Tissue Location

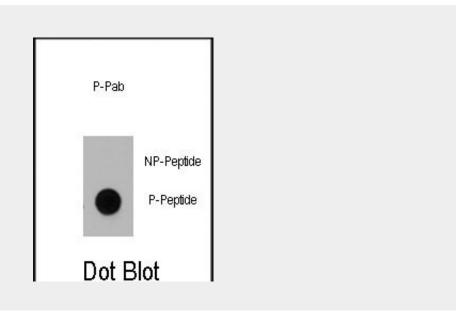
Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal tissues, heart, kidney, placenta, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and expressed at lower levels in spleen, lung, brain, small intestine, colon, liver, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is less expressed than isoform 1.

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Images





Dot blot analysis of anti-Dnmt1 Phospho-specific Pab (Cat.#AP3517a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - Background

Methylation of DNA at cytosine residues plays an important role in regulation of gene expression, genomic imprinting and is essential for mammalian development. Hypermethylation of CpG islands in tumor suppressor genes or hypomethylation of bulk genomic DNA may be linked with development of cancer. To date, 3 families of mammalian DNA methyltransferase genes have been identified which include Dnmt1, Dnmt2 and Dnmt3. Dnmt1 is constitutively expressed in proliferating cells and inactivation of this gene causes global demethylation of genomic DNA and embryonic lethality. Dnmt2 is expressed at low levels in adult tissues and its inactivation does not affect DNA methylation or maintenance of methylation. The Dnmt3 family members, Dnmt3a and Dnmt3b, are strongly expressed in ES cells but their expression is down regulated in differentiating ES cells and is low in adult somatic tissue. Dnmt1 co-purifies with the retinoblastoma (Rb) tumour suppressor gene product, E2F1, and HDAC1. Dnmt1 also cooperates with Rb to repress transcription from promoters containing E2Fbinding sites suggesting a link between DNA methylation, histone deacetylase and sequence-specific DNA binding activity, as well as a growth-regulatory pathway that is disrupted in nearly all cancer cells.

Phospho-Dnmt1(S714) Antibody - References

Peterson, E.J., et al., Cancer Res. 63(20):6579-6582 (2003). Leu, Y.W., et al., Cancer Res. 63(19):6110-6115 (2003). Saito, Y., et al., Int. J. Cancer 105(4):527-532 (2003). Siedlecki, P., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 306(2):558-563 (2003). Macaluso, M., et al., Oncogene 22(23):3511-3517 (2003).