

Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3823a

## Specification

# Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession	<b>DB,E</b> <u>061037</u>
Other Accession	<u>P49816</u>
Reactivity	Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	202071

## Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Additional Information

**Other Names** Tuberin, Tuberous sclerosis 2 protein homolog, Tsc2

**Target/Specificity** 

This mouse TSC2 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S1343 of mouse TSC2.

Dilution DB~~1:500

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** 

Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Protein Information

Name Tsc2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8777431, ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:102548}

**Function** Catalytic component of the TSC-TBC complex, a multiprotein complex that acts as a negative regulator of the canonical mTORC1 complex, an evolutionarily conserved central nutrient sensor that stimulates anabolic reactions and macromolecule biosynthesis to promote cellular biomass generation and growth (PubMed:<u>12820960</u>, PubMed:<u>24529379</u>). Within the TSC-TBC



complex, TSC2 acts as a GTPase- activating protein (GAP) for the small GTPase RHEB, a direct activator of the protein kinase activity of mTORC1 (PubMed:<u>12820960</u>, PubMed:<u>24529379</u>). In absence of nutrients, the TSC-TBC complex inhibits mTORC1, thereby preventing phosphorylation of ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RPS6KB1 and RPS6KB2) and EIF4EBP1 (4E-BP1) by the mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:<u>12820960</u>, PubMed:<u>24529379</u>). The TSC-TBC complex is inactivated in response to nutrients, relieving inhibition of mTORC1 (PubMed:<u>24529379</u>). Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport via its ability to regulate mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:<u>16707451</u>). Also stimulates the intrinsic GTPase activity of the Ras-related proteins RAP1A and RAB5 (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=Recruited to lysosomal membranes in a RHEB-dependent process in absence of nutrients. In response to insulin signaling and phosphorylation by PKB/AKT1, the complex dissociates from lysosomal membranes and relocalizes to the cytosol.

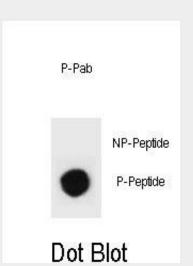
Tissue Location Widely expressed..

## Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Images



Dot blot analysis of mouse TSC2 Antibody (Phospho S1343) Phospho-specific Pab (Cat. #AP3823a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.6ug per ml.

#### Phospho-mouse TSC2(S1343) Antibody - Background



In complex with TSC1, inhibits the nutrient-mediated or growth factor-stimulated phosphorylation of S6K1 and EIF4EBP1 by negatively regulating mTORC1 signaling. Acts as a GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for the small GTPase RHEB, a direct activator of the protein kinase activity of mTORC1. Implicated as a tumor suppressor. Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport, but this seems to be due to unregulated mTOR signaling (By similarity). Specifically stimulates the intrinsic GTPase activity of the Ras-related protein RAP1A and RAB5. Suggesting a possible mechanism for its role in regulating cellular growth (By similarity).