

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP4812a

# **Specification**

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession Q6UXN9

Other Accession <u>Q8BFQ4</u>, <u>Q6NV31</u>, <u>Q5ZMV7</u>, <u>Q58E77</u>, <u>Q640I6</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Xenopus, Chicken, Zebrafish, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 35079
Antigen Region 1-30

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 80335** 

#### **Other Names**

WD repeat-containing protein 82, Protein TMEM113, Swd2, WDR82, TMEM113, WDR82A

### Target/Specificity

This WDR82 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human WDR82.

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

# **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

WDR82 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name WDR82 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17998332, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:28826}



**Function** Regulatory component of the SET1/COMPASS complex implicated in the tethering of this complex to transcriptional start sites of active genes (PubMed:17998332, PubMed:18838538, PubMed:20516061). Facilitates histone H3 'Lys-4' methylation (H3K4me) via recruitment of the SETD1A or SETD1B to the 'Ser-5' phosphorylated C-terminal domain (CTD) of RNA polymerase II large subunit (POLR2A) (PubMed:17998332, PubMed:18838538). Component of PTW/PP1 phosphatase complex, which plays a role in the control of chromatin structure and cell cycle progression during the transition from mitosis into interphase (PubMed:20516061). Together with ZC3H4, but independently of the SET1 complex, part of a transcription termination checkpoint that promotes transcription termination of long non-coding RNAs (IncRNAs) (PubMed:33913806, PubMed:33767452). The transcription termination checkpoint is activated by the inefficiently spliced first exon of IncRNAs and promotes transcription termination of IncRNAs and their subsequent degradation by the exosome (PubMed:33767452).

#### **Cellular Location**

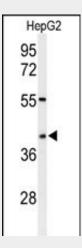
Nucleus. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8BFQ4}. Note=Associates with chromatin (PubMed:20516061). Recruited at sites of high RNA polymerase II occupancy (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8BFQ4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20516061}

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

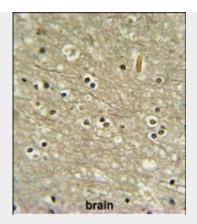
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Images

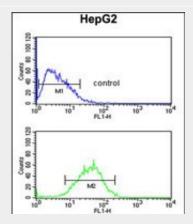


Western blot analysis of WDR82 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP4812a) in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). WDR82 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





WDR82 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP4812a) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the WDR82 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



WDR82 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP4812a) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - Background

WDR82 is a component of the mammalian SET1A (MIM 611052)/SET1B (MIM 611055) histone H3-Lys4 methyltransferase complexes.

# WDR82 Antibody (N-term) - References

Wu, M., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 28(24):7337-7344(2008) Lee, J.H., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 28(2):609-618(2008) Higa, L.A., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 8(11):1277-1283(2006)