

#### p44 MAPK Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50054

#### Specification

# p44 MAPK Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW Antigen Region WB <u>P27361</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal 43,38,40 KDa 175-206

### p44 MAPK Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5595

**Other Names** 

Mitogen-activated protein kinase 3, MAP kinase 3, MAPK 3, ERT2, Extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1, ERK-1, Insulin-stimulated MAP2 kinase, MAP kinase isoform p44, p44-MAPK, Microtubule-associated protein 2 kinase, p44-ERK1, MAPK3, ERK1, PRKM3

**Dilution** WB~~ 1:500-1:1000

Format

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage Conditions -20°C

# p44 MAPK Antibody - Protein Information

Name MAPK3

Synonyms ERK1, PRKM3

Function

Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34497368" target="\_blank">34497368</a>). MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1 are the 2 MAPKs which play an important role in the MAPK/ERK cascade. They participate also in a signaling cascade initiated by activated KIT and KITLG/SCF. Depending on the cellular context, the MAPK/ERK cascade mediates diverse biological functions such as cell growth, adhesion, survival and differentiation through the regulation of transcription, translation, cytoskeletal rearrangements. The MAPK/ERK cascade also plays a role in initiation and regulation of meiosis, mitosis, and postmitotic functions in



differentiated cells by phosphorylating a number of transcription factors. About 160 substrates have already been discovered for ERKs. Many of these substrates are localized in the nucleus, and seem to participate in the regulation of transcription upon stimulation. However, other substrates are found in the cytosol as well as in other cellular organelles, and those are responsible for processes such as translation, mitosis and apoptosis. Moreover, the MAPK/ERK cascade is also involved in the regulation of the endosomal dynamics, including lysosome processing and endosome cycling through the perinuclear recycling compartment (PNRC); as well as in the fragmentation of the Golgi apparatus during mitosis. The substrates include transcription factors (such as ATF2, BCL6, ELK1, ERF, FOS, HSF4 or SPZ1), cytoskeletal elements (such as CANX, CTTN, GJA1, MAP2, MAPT, PXN, SORBS3 or STMN1), regulators of apoptosis (such as BAD, BTG2, CASP9, DAPK1, IER3, MCL1 or PPARG), regulators of translation (such as EIF4EBP1) and a variety of other signaling-related molecules (like ARHGEF2, DEPTOR, FRS2 or GRB10) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35216969" target=" blank">35216969</a>). Protein kinases (such as RAF1. RPS6KA1/RSK1. RPS6KA3/RSK2. RPS6KA2/RSK3. RPS6KA6/RSK4. SYK. MKNK1/MNK1, MKNK2/MNK2, RPS6KA5/MSK1, RPS6KA4/MSK2, MAPKAPK3 or MAPKAPK5) and phosphatases (such as DUSP1, DUSP4, DUSP6 or DUSP16) are other substrates which enable the propagation the MAPK/ERK signal to additional cytosolic and nuclear targets, thereby extending the specificity of the cascade.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Nucleus. Membrane, caveola {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Cell junction, focal adhesion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63844} Note=Autophosphorylation at Thr-207 promotes nuclear localization (PubMed:19060905). PEA15-binding redirects the biological outcome of MAPK3 kinase-signaling by sequestering MAPK3 into the cytoplasm (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63844, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19060905}

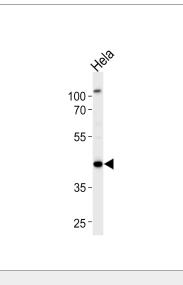
## p44 MAPK Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

p44 MAPK Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela cell line ,using p44 MAPK Antibody(C10489). C10489 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysates at 35ug.

# p44 MAPK Antibody - Background

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# p44 MAPK Antibody - References

Charest D.L., et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 13:4679-4690(1993). Aebersold D.M., et al.Submitted (APR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Cheng H., et al.Submitted (FEB-2006) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Martin J., et al.Nature 432:988-994(2004). Mural R.J., et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.