

**PNPLA8 Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP50621**

**Specification**

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**PNPLA8 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9NP80</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	88,82,77 KDa
Antigen Region	708-732

**PNPLA8 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 50640

**Other Names**

Calcium-independent phospholipase A2-gamma, Intracellular membrane-associated calcium-independent phospholipase A2 gamma, iPLA2-gamma, PNPLA-gamma, Patatin-like phospholipase domain-containing protein 8, iPLA2-2, PNPLA8, IPLA22, IPLA2G

**Dilution**

WB~~ 1:1000

**Format**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**PNPLA8 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** PNPLA8 ([HGNC:28900](#))

**Synonyms** IPLA22, IPLA2G

**Function**

Calcium-independent and membrane-bound phospholipase, that catalyzes the esterolytic cleavage of fatty acids from glycerophospholipids to yield free fatty acids and lysophospholipids, hence regulating membrane physical properties and the release of lipid second messengers and growth factors (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10833412" target="\_blank">10833412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10744668" target="\_blank">10744668</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695510" target="\_blank">15695510</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908428" target="\_blank">15908428</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17213206"

target="\_blank">>17213206</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18171998" target="\_blank">>18171998</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28442572" target="\_blank">>28442572</a>). Hydrolyzes phosphatidylethanolamine, phosphatidylcholine and probably phosphatidylinositol with a possible preference for the former (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695510" target="\_blank">>15695510</a>). Has also a broad substrate specificity in terms of fatty acid moieties, hydrolyzing saturated and mono-unsaturated fatty acids at nearly equal rates from either the sn-1 or sn-2 position in diacyl phosphatidylcholine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10833412" target="\_blank">>10833412</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10744668" target="\_blank">>10744668</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695510" target="\_blank">>15695510</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908428" target="\_blank">>15908428</a>). However, has a weak activity toward polyunsaturated fatty acids at the sn-2 position, and thereby favors the production of 2-arachidonoyl lysophosphatidylcholine, a key branch point metabolite in eicosanoid signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908428" target="\_blank">>15908428</a>). On the other hand, can produce arachidonic acid from the sn-1 position of diacyl phospholipid and from the sn-2 position of arachidonate-containing plasmalogen substrates (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908428" target="\_blank">>15908428</a>). Therefore, plays an important role in the mobilization of arachidonic acid in response to cellular stimuli and the generation of lipid second messengers (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695510" target="\_blank">>15695510</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15908428" target="\_blank">>15908428</a>). Can also hydrolyze lysophosphatidylcholine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15695510" target="\_blank">>15695510</a>). In the mitochondrial compartment, catalyzes the hydrolysis and release of oxidized aliphatic chains from cardiolipin and integrates mitochondrial bioenergetics and signaling. It is essential for maintaining efficient bioenergetic mitochondrial function through tailoring mitochondrial membrane lipid metabolism and composition (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28442572" target="\_blank">>28442572</a>).

### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q5XTS1}; Single-pass membrane protein Mitochondrion membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Peroxisome membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

### Tissue Location

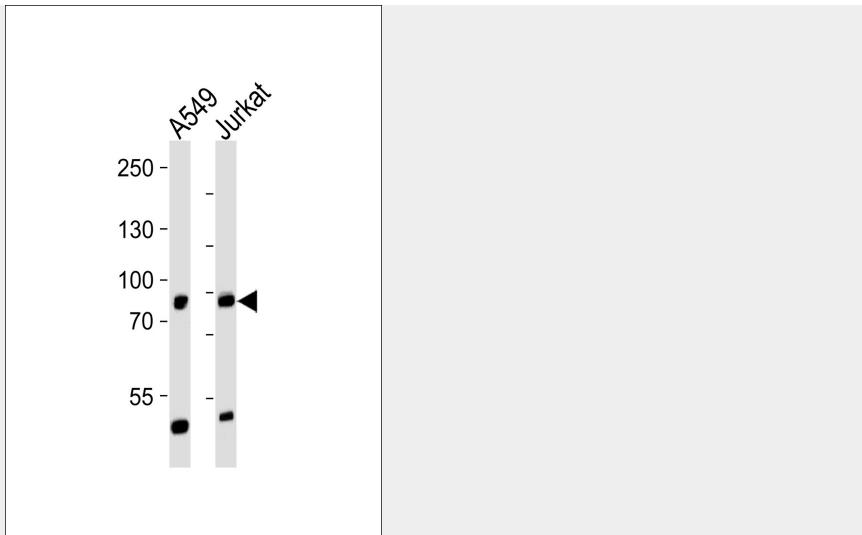
Expressed in parenchymal tissues including heart, skeletal muscle, placenta, brain, liver and pancreas. Also expressed in bronchial epithelial cells and kidney. Highest expression is observed in skeletal muscle and heart.

### PNPLA8 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### PNPLA8 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from A549,Jurkat cell line (from left to right),using PNPLA8 Antibody(AP50621). AP50621 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysates at 35ug per lane.

#### **PNPLA8 Antibody - Background**

Calcium-independent phospholipase A2, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of the sn-2 position of glycerophospholipids, PtdSer and to a lower extent PtdCho. Cleaves membrane phospholipids.

#### **PNPLA8 Antibody - References**

- Tanaka H.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 272:320-326(2000).
- Mancuso D.J.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 275:9937-9945(2000).
- Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).
- Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 424:157-164(2003).
- Scherer S.W.,et al.Science 300:767-772(2003).