

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mon) Catalog # AP50812

## Specification

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW Antigen Region WB <u>P04797</u> Mouse, Rat, Rabbit Mouse Monoclonal 38kDa KDa G2267-1KU

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 24383

**Other Names** Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, GAPDH, 38 kDa BFA-dependent ADP-ribosylation substrate, BARS-38, Peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH, 2699-, Gapdh, Gapd

Dilution <span class ="dilution\_WB">WB~~ 1:1000</span>

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Protein Information

Name Gapdh

Synonyms Gapd

Function

Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17934141" target="\_blank">17934141</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15951807" target="\_blank">15951807</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20972425" target="\_blank">20972425</a>). Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17934141" target="\_blank">17934141</a>). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton.



Facilitates the CHP1-dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15312048" target="\_blank">15312048</a>). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes. Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loopcontaining GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (By similarity). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa- B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (By similarity). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10424669" target="\_blank">10424669</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15951807" target="\_blank">15951807</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20972425" target="\_blank">20972425</a>). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15951807" target="\_blank">15951807</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20972425" target="\_blank">20972425</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus. Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (PubMed:15951807). Colocalizes with CHP1 to small punctate structures along the microtubules tracks (PubMed:15312048).

**Tissue Location** High levels in skeletal muscle and heart, low levels in liver, brain, and kidney.

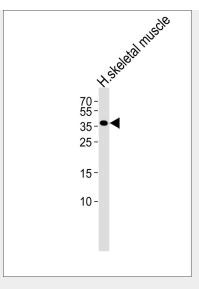
## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of lysate from human skeletal muscle tissue lysate, using Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody(AP50812). AP50812 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-mouse IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysate at 35ug.

# Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Background

Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively. Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D-glyceraldehyde 3- phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate. Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton. Facilitates the CHP1-dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules. Also participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis. Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S- nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC. Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes. Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (By similarity).

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - References

Fort P., et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 13:1431-1442(1985). Tso J.Y., et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 13:2485-2502(1985). Tajima H., et al.NeuroReport 10:2029-2033(1999). Zheng J., et al.Submitted (SEP-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Lubec G., et al.Submitted (APR-2007) to UniProtKB.

## Anti-GAPDH(3E12) antibody - Citations

• NF90 stabilizes cyclin E1 mRNA through phosphorylation of NF90-Ser382 by CDK2