

**AZI1 Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP50845****Specification**

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**AZI1 Antibody - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB, IHC                |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">Q9UPN4</a> |
| Reactivity        | Mouse                  |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal             |
| Calculated MW     | 122117 Da              |
| Antigen Region    | 331-359                |

**AZI1 Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 22994**Other Names**

Centrosomal protein of 131 kDa, 5-azacytidine-induced protein 1, Pre-acrosome localization protein 1, CEP131, AZI1, KIAA1118

**Dilution**

WB~~ 1:1000

IHC~~1:50~100

**Format**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**AZI1 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** CEP131**Synonyms** AZI1, KIAA1118**Function**

Component of centriolar satellites contributing to the building of a complex and dynamic network required to regulate cilia/flagellum formation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17954613" target="\_blank">17954613</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24185901" target="\_blank">24185901</a>). In proliferating cells, MIB1-mediated ubiquitination induces its sequestration within centriolar satellites, precluding untimely cilia formation initiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24121310" target="\_blank">24121310</a>). In contrast, during normal and ultraviolet or heat shock cellular stress-induced ciliogenesis, its

non-ubiquitinated form is rapidly displaced from centriolar satellites and recruited to centrosome/basal bodies in a microtubule- and p38 MAPK-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24121310" target="\_blank">24121310</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26616734" target="\_blank">26616734</a>). Acts also as a negative regulator of BBSome ciliary trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24550735" target="\_blank">24550735</a>). Plays a role in sperm flagellar formation; may be involved in the regulation of intraflagellar transport (IFT) and/or intramanchette (IMT) trafficking, which are important for axoneme extension and/or cargo delivery to the nascent sperm tail (By similarity). Required for optimal cell proliferation and cell cycle progression; may play a role in the regulation of genome stability in non-ciliogenic cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22797915" target="\_blank">22797915</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26297806" target="\_blank">26297806</a>). Involved in centriole duplication (By similarity). Required for CEP152, WDR62 and CEP63 centrosomal localization and promotes the centrosomal localization of CDK2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26297806" target="\_blank">26297806</a>). Essential for maintaining proper centriolar satellite integrity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30804208" target="\_blank">30804208</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome, centriole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62036}.

Note=Colocalized with pericentriolar material protein PCM1 at centriolar satellites. During spermiogenesis, becomes enriched with nephrocystin NPHP1 at the transition zone, a structure at the base of the ciliary axoneme important for regulating traffic into the ciliary compartment.

Traffics towards and away from the centrosome/basal body and the transition zone of the ciliary axoneme in a microtubule-dependent manner. Localized at the Golgi- derived acrosome and the centrosome-containing head-tail coupling apparatus (HTCA) (By similarity). Ubiquitinated form is sequestered and colocalized with BBS4, CEP290, PCM1 and PCNT at centriolar satellites in proliferating cells. Colocalized with the pericentriolar material protein PCM1 at centrosome.

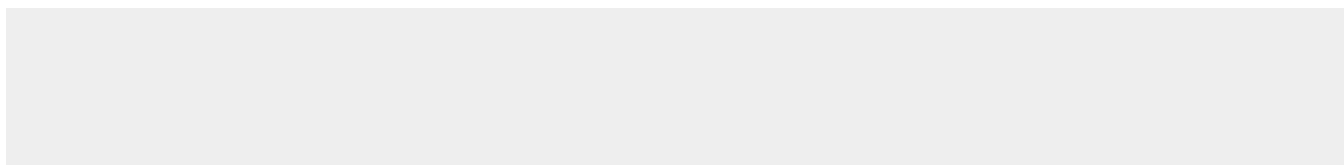
Traffics towards and away from centriolar satellites and centrosome in a microtubule- and dynein-dependent manner in interphase cells. Displaced from centriolar satellites but still remains associated with the centrosome in response to cellular stress, such as ultraviolet light (UV) radiation or heat shock, in a process that requires p38 MAPK signaling (PubMed:26616734). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26616734}

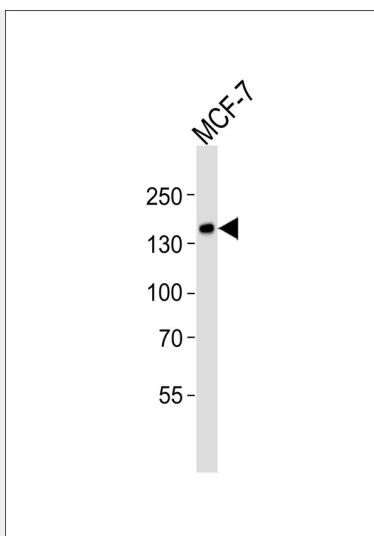
### AZI1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

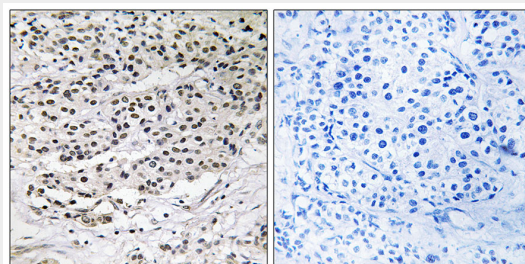
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### AZI1 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of lysate from MCF-7 cell line, using AZI1 Antibody, was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using AZI1 antibody.

### **AZI1 Antibody - Background**

May play a role in spermatogenesis (By similarity).

### **AZI1 Antibody - References**

- Kikuno R., et al. DNA Res. 6:197-205(1999).
- Zody M.C., et al. Nature 440:1045-1049(2006).
- Andersen J.S., et al. Nature 426:570-574(2003).
- Olsen J.V., et al. Cell 127:635-648(2006).
- Beausoleil S.A., et al. Nat. Biotechnol. 24:1285-1292(2006).