

C1QBP Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51024

Specification

C1QBP Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession O07021
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 31 KDa
Antigen Region 51 - 110

C1QBP Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 708

Other Names

Complement component 1 Q subcomponent-binding protein, mitochondrial, ASF/SF2-associated protein p32, Glycoprotein gC1qBP, C1qBP, Hyaluronan-binding protein 1, Mitochondrial matrix protein p32, gC1q-R protein, p33, C1QBP, GC1QBP, HABP1, SF2P32

Target/Specificity

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human C1QBP

Dilution

WB~~ 1:1000

Format

0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

C1QBP Antibody - Protein Information

Name C1QBP

Synonyms GC1QBP, HABP1, SF2P32

Function

Is believed to be a multifunctional and multicompartmental protein involved in inflammation and infection processes, ribosome biogenesis, protein synthesis in mitochondria, regulation of apoptosis, transcriptional regulation and pre-mRNA splicing. At the cell surface is thought to act as an endothelial receptor for plasma proteins of the complement and kallikrein-kinin cascades. Putative receptor for C1q; specifically binds to the globular 'heads' of C1q thus inhibiting C1; may perform the receptor function through a complex with C1qR/CD93. In complex with



cytokeratin-1/KRT1 is a high affinity receptor for kininogen-1/HMWK. Can also bind other plasma proteins, such as coagulation factor XII leading to its autoactivation. May function to bind initially fluid kiningen-1 to the cell membrane. The secreted form may enhance both extrinsic and intrinsic coagulation pathways. It is postulated that the cell surface form requires docking with transmembrane proteins for downstream signaling which might be specific for a cell-type or response. By acting as C1q receptor is involved in chemotaxis of immature dendritic cells and neutrophils and is proposed to signal through CD209/DC-SIGN on immature dendritic cells, through integrin alpha-4/beta-1 during trophoblast invasion of the decidua, and through integrin beta-1 during endothelial cell adhesion and spreading. Signaling involved in inhibition of innate immune response is implicating the PI3K-AKT/PKB pathway. Required for protein synthesis in mitochondria (PubMed:28942965). In mitochondrial translation may be involved in formation of functional 55S mitoribosomes; the function seems to involve its RNA-binding activity. May be involved in the nucleolar ribosome maturation process; the function may involve the exchange of FBL for RRP1 in the association with pre-ribosome particles. Involved in regulation of RNA splicing by inhibiting the RNA-binding capacity of SRSF1 and its phosphorylation. Is required for the nuclear translocation of splicing factor U2AF1L4. Involved in regulation of CDKN2A- and HRK-mediated apoptosis. Stabilizes mitochondrial CDKN2A isoform smARF. May be involved in regulation of FOXC1 transcriptional activity and NFY/CCAAT-binding factor complex- mediated transcription. May play a role in antibacterial defense as it can bind to cell surface hyaluronan and inhibit Streptococcus pneumoniae hyaluronate lyase. May be involved in modulation of the immune response; ligation by HCV core protein is resulting in suppression of interleukin-12 production in monocyte-derived dendritic cells. Involved in regulation of antiviral response by inhibiting RIGI- and IFIH1-mediated

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion matrix. Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Extracellular side. Secreted. Cytoplasm. Note=Seems to be predominantly localized to mitochondria. Secreted by activated lymphocytes. Localizes to the nucleolus when coexpressed with POLGARF (PubMed:32958672). Interaction with POLGARF is likely to result in prevention of C1QBP maturation and redirection from mitochondria to nucleoli (PubMed:32958672)

signaling pathways probably involving its association with MAVS after viral infection.

Tissue Location

Expressed on cell surface of peripheral blood cells (at protein level); Surface expression is reported for macrophages and monocyte-derived dendritic cells.

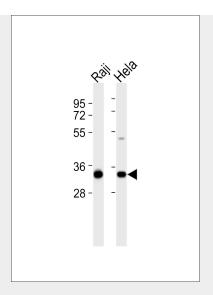
C1QBP Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

C1QBP Antibody - Images

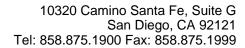




All lanes : Anti-C1QBP Antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Raji whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

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C1QBP Antibody - References

Honore B.,et al.Gene 134:283-287(1993). Ghebrehiwet B.,et al.J. Exp. Med. 179:1809-1821(1994). Tye A.J.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 276:17069-17075(2001). Kalnine N.,et al.Submitted (OCT-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Krainer A.R.,et al.Cell 66:383-394(1991).