

**Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody**  
**Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)**  
**Catalog # AP52700**

### Specification

#### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P05106</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	110 KDa

#### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3690

##### Other Names

BDPLT2;CD 61;CD61;CD61 antigen;GP3A;GPIIIa;GT;HPA 1;HPA 4;Integrin beta 3 (platelet glycoprotein IIIa antigen CD61);Integrin beta chain beta 3;Integrin beta-3;ITB3\_HUMAN;ITGB3;ITGB3;NAIT;Platelet fibrinogen receptor beta subunit;Platelet glycoprotein IIIa;platelet glycoprotein IIIa precursor;Platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa;PTP.

##### Dilution

WB~~1:1000

##### Format

Purified mouse monoclonal in PBS(pH 7.4) containing with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

##### Storage

Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Protein Information

Name ITGB3 ([HGNC:6156](#))

Synonyms GP3A

##### Function

Integrin alpha-V/beta-3 (ITGAV:ITGB3) is a receptor for cytотactин, fibronectin, laminin, matrix metalloproteinase-2, osteopontin, osteomodulin, prothrombin, thrombospondin, vitronectin and von Willebrand factor. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 (ITGA2B:ITGB3) is a receptor for fibronectin, fibrinogen, plasminogen, prothrombin, thrombospondin and vitronectin. Integrins alpha-IIb/beta-3 and alpha- V/beta-3 recognize the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 recognizes the sequence H-H-L-G-G-A-K-Q-A- G-D-V in fibrinogen gamma chain. Following activation integrin alpha- IIb/beta-3 brings about platelet/platelet interaction through

binding of soluble fibrinogen. This step leads to rapid platelet aggregation which physically plugs ruptured endothelial surface. Fibrinogen binding enhances SELP expression in activated platelets (By similarity). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to fractalkine (CX3CL1) and acts as its coreceptor in CX3CR1-dependent fractalkine signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23125415" target="\_blank">23125415</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24789099" target="\_blank">24789099</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to NRG1 (via EGF domain) and this binding is essential for NRG1-ERBB signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20682778" target="\_blank">20682778</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to FGF1 and this binding is essential for FGF1 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18441324" target="\_blank">18441324</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to FGF2 and this binding is essential for FGF2 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28302677" target="\_blank">28302677</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to IGF1 and this binding is essential for IGF1 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19578119" target="\_blank">19578119</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to IGF2 and this binding is essential for IGF2 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28873464" target="\_blank">28873464</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to IL1B and this binding is essential for IL1B signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29030430" target="\_blank">29030430</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 binds to PLA2G2A via a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and this induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18635536" target="\_blank">18635536</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25398877" target="\_blank">25398877</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 acts as a receptor for fibrillin-1 (FBN1) and mediates R-G-D-dependent cell adhesion to FBN1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12807887" target="\_blank">12807887</a>). In brain, plays a role in synaptic transmission and plasticity. Involved in the regulation of the serotonin neurotransmission, is required to localize to specific compartments within the synapse the serotonin receptor SLC6A4 and for an appropriate reuptake of serotonin. Controls excitatory synaptic strength by regulating GRIA2-containing AMPAR endocytosis, which affects AMPAR abundance and composition (By similarity). ITGAV:ITGB3 act as a receptor for CD40LG (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31331973" target="\_blank">31331973</a>). ITGAV:ITGB3 acts as a receptor for IBSP and promotes cell adhesion and migration to IBSP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10640428" target="\_blank">10640428</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, lamellipodium membrane. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54890}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54890}. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54890}

### Tissue Location

Isoform beta-3A and isoform beta-3C are widely expressed. Isoform beta-3A is specifically expressed in osteoblast cells; isoform beta-3C is specifically expressed in prostate and testis

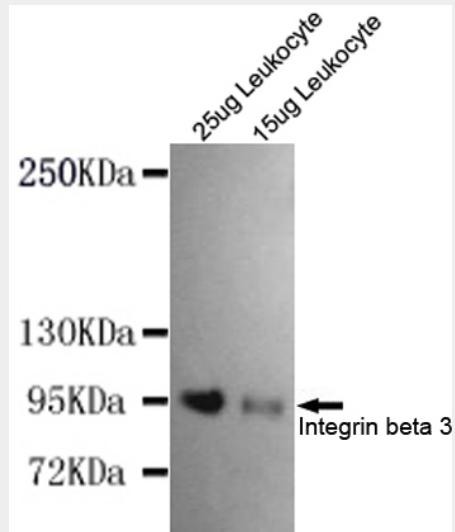
### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)

- [Cell Culture](#)

### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Images



Western blot detection of Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) in 15ug and 25ug Leukocyte whole cell lysate using Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size: 110KDa. Observed band size: 110KDa.

### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - Background

Integrin alpha-V/beta-3 (ITGAV:ITGB3) is a receptor for cytotactin, fibronectin, laminin, matrix metalloproteinase-2, osteopontin, osteomodulin, prothrombin, thrombospondin, vitronectin and von Willebrand factor. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 (ITGA2B:ITGB3) is a receptor for fibronectin, fibrinogen, plasminogen, prothrombin, thrombospondin and vitronectin. Integrins alpha-IIb/beta-3 and alpha-V/beta-3 recognize the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 recognizes the sequence H-H-L-G-G-G-A-K-Q-A-G-D-V in fibrinogen gamma chain. Following activation integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 brings about platelet/platelet interaction through binding of soluble fibrinogen. This step leads to rapid platelet aggregation which physically plugs ruptured endothelial surface. Fibrinogen binding enhances SELP expression in activated platelets (By similarity). In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in Kaposi's sarcoma lesions.

### Integrin beta 3(N-terminus) Antibody - References

- Fitzgerald L.A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 262:3936-3939(1987).  
Zimrin A.B., et al. J. Clin. Invest. 81:1470-1475(1988).  
Frachet P., et al. Mol. Biol. Rep. 14:27-33(1990).  
Kumar C.S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 272:16390-16397(1997).  
Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.