

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP53361

Specification

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P48736
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 126 KDa
Antigen Region 887-936

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5294

Dilution

WB~~ 1:1000

Format

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Protein Information

Name PIK3CG

Function

Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) that phosphorylates PtdIns(4,5)P2 (Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3). PIP3 plays a key role by recruiting PH domain-containing proteins to the membrane, including AKT1 and PDPK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival, proliferation, motility and morphology. Links G-protein coupled receptor activation to PIP3 production. Involved in immune, inflammatory and allergic responses. Modulates leukocyte chemotaxis to inflammatory sites and in response to chemoattractant agents. May control leukocyte polarization and migration by regulating the spatial accumulation of PIP3 and by regulating the organization of F-actin formation and integrin-based adhesion at the leading edge. Controls motility of dendritic cells. Together with PIK3CD is involved in natural killer (NK) cell development and migration towards the sites of inflammation. Participates in T-lymphocyte migration. Regulates T- lymphocyte proliferation, activation, and cytokine production. Together with PIK3CD participates in T-lymphocyte development. Required for B- lymphocyte development and signaling. Together with PIK3CD participates in neutrophil respiratory burst. Together with PIK3CD is involved in neutrophil chemotaxis and extravasation. Together with PIK3CB promotes platelet aggregation and



thrombosis. Regulates alpha-IIb/beta-3 integrins (ITGA2B/ ITGB3) adhesive function in platelets downstream of P2Y12 through a lipid kinase activity-independent mechanism. May have also a lipid kinase activity-dependent function in platelet aggregation. Involved in endothelial progenitor cell migration. Negative regulator of cardiac contractility. Modulates cardiac contractility by anchoring protein kinase A (PKA) and PDE3B activation, reducing cAMP levels. Regulates cardiac contractility also by promoting beta-adrenergic receptor internalization by binding to GRK2 and by non- muscle tropomyosin phosphorylation. Also has serine/threonine protein kinase activity: both lipid and protein kinase activities are required for beta-adrenergic receptor endocytosis. May also have a scaffolding role in modulating cardiac contractility. Contributes to cardiac hypertrophy under pathological stress. Through simultaneous binding of PDE3B to RAPGEF3 and PIK3R6 is assembled in a signaling complex in which the PI3K gamma complex is activated by RAPGEF3 and which is involved in angiogenesis.

Cellular LocationCytoplasm. Cell membrane

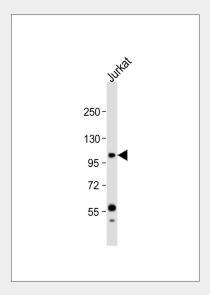
Tissue LocationPancreas, skeletal muscle, liver and heart.

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Images



Anti-PI3K p110 gamma Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 126 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - Background

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PI3K p110 gamma Antibody - References

Stoyanov B., et al. Science 269:690-693(1995). Waterfield M.D., et al. Submitted (AUG-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Michalke M., et al. Submitted (DEC-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Hillier L.W., et al. Nature 424:157-164(2003). Scherer S.W., et al. Science 300:767-772(2003).