TMEM111 Antibody (N-term)<br>Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonall Antibody (Pab)<br>Catalog \# AP5782a

## Specification

TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

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Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Predicted
WB, FC,E
Q9P012
Host
Clonality
Q5U2V8, Q99KI3, Q7SXW4, Q3ZCB8, NP 060917.1
```


## Human

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Bovine, Zebrafish, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Isotype
Polyclonal
Antigen Region
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Rabbit IgG
42-70

TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 55831
Other Names
ER membrane protein complex subunit 3, Transmembrane protein 111, EMC3, TMEM111

## Target/Specificity

This TM111 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 42-70 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human TM111.

## Dilution

WB~~1:1000
FC~~1:10~50

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with $0.09 \%$ (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at $2-8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## Precautions

TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name EMC3

## Synonyms TMEM111

Function Part of the endoplasmic reticulum membrane protein complex (EMC) that enables the energy-independent insertion into endoplasmic reticulum membranes of newly synthesized membrane proteins (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231, PubMed:32459176, PubMed:32439656). Preferentially accommodates proteins with transmembrane domains that are weakly hydrophobic or contain destabilizing features such as charged and aromatic residues (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231). Involved in the cotranslational insertion of multi-pass membrane proteins in which stop-transfer membrane-anchor sequences become ER membrane spanning helices (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151). It is also required for the post-translational insertion of tail-anchored/TA proteins in endoplasmic reticulum membranes (PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231). By mediating the proper cotranslational insertion of N-terminal transmembrane domains in an N -exo topology, with translocated N - terminus in the lumen of the ER, controls the topology of multi-pass membrane proteins like the G protein-coupled receptors (PubMed:30415835). By regulating the insertion of various proteins in membranes, it is indirectly involved in many cellular processes (Probable).

## Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

## TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - Images


Anti-TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at
$20 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 30 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5\% NFDM/TBST.


TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. \#AP5782a) flow cytometric analysis of MDA-MB435 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

## TMEM111 Antibody (N-term) - References

Hu, R.M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97(17):9543-9548(2000)

