

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6190b

Specification

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Antigen Region WB,E P42568 Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 407-438

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4300

Other Names

Protein AF-9, ALL1-fused gene from chromosome 9 protein, Myeloid/lymphoid or mixed-lineage leukemia translocated to chromosome 3 protein, YEATS domain-containing protein 3, MLLT3, AF9, YEATS3

Target/Specificity

This AF9 (MLLT3) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 407-438 amino acids from the Central region of human AF9 (MLLT3).

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Protein Information

Name MLLT3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16001262, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:7136}

Function Chromatin reader component of the super elongation complex (SEC), a complex required to increase the catalytic rate of RNA polymerase II transcription by suppressing transient



pausing by the polymerase at multiple sites along the DNA (PubMed: 20159561, PubMed:20471948, PubMed:25417107, PubMed:27105114, PubMed:27545619). Specifically recognizes and binds acylated histone H3, with a preference for histone H3 that is crotonylated (PubMed:25417107, PubMed:27105114, PubMed:27545619, PubMed:30374167, PubMed: 30385749). Crotonylation marks active promoters and enhancers and confers resistance to transcriptional repressors (PubMed:25417107, PubMed:27105114, PubMed:27545619). Recognizes and binds histone H3 crotonylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9cr), and with slightly lower affinity histone H3 crotonylated at 'Lys-18' (H3K18cr) (PubMed:27105114). Also recognizes and binds histone H3 acetylated and butyrylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9ac and H3K9bu, respectively), but with lower affinity than crotonylated histone H3 (PubMed: 25417107, PubMed: 27105114, PubMed: 30385749). In the SEC complex, MLLT3 is required to recruit the complex to crotonylated histones (PubMed:27105114, PubMed:27545619). Recruitment of the SEC complex to crotonylated histones promotes recruitment of DOT1L on active chromatin to deposit histone H3 'Lys-79' methylation (H3K79me) (PubMed:25417107). Plays a key role in hematopoietic stem cell (HSC) maintenance by preserving, rather than conferring, HSC stemness (PubMed:<u>31776511</u>). Acts by binding to the transcription start site of active genes in HSCs and sustaining level of H3K79me2, probably by recruiting DOT1L (PubMed: 31776511).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00376, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27105114}. Chromosome. Note=Colocalizes with acylated histone H3 (PubMed:25417107, PubMed:27105114). Colocalizes with histone H3 crotonylated at 'Lys-18' (H3K18cr) (PubMed:27105114)

Tissue Location

Enriched in undifferentiated hematopoietic stem cells in fetal liver, cord blood and bone marrow

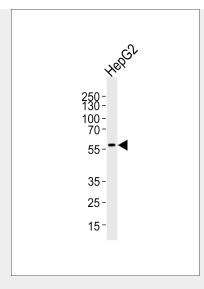
AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

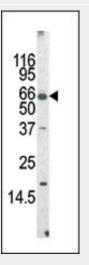
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysate from HepG2 cell line, using MLLT3 C-term Antibody(Cat. #AP6190b). AP6190b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug per lane.



The anti-MLLT3 Pab (Cat. #AP6190b) is used in Western blot to detect MLLT3 in mouse cerebellum tissue lysate

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - Background

The human AF9 gene is one of the most common fusion partner genes with the ALL1 gene at 11q23 (also called MLL), resulting in the t(9;11)(p22;q23). The AF9 gene is more than 100 kb, and 2 patient breakpoint cluster regions (BCRs) have been identified; BCR1 is within intron 4, previously called site A, whereas BCR2 or site B spans introns 7 and 8. Several different structural elements have been identified in AF9, including a colocalizing in vivo DNA topo II cleavage site and an in vitro DNase I hypersensitive (DNase 1 HS) site in intron 7 in BCR2. Reversibility experiments demonstrated a religation of the topo II cleavage sites. In addition, 2 scaffold associated regions (SARs) are located centromeric to the topo II and DNase I HS cleavage sites and border breakpoint regions in 2 leukemic cells lines: SAR1 is located in intron 4, whereas SAR2 encompasses parts of exons 5-7. The patient breakpoint regions of AF9 share the same structural elements as the MLL BCR. A DNA breakage and repair model for nonhomologous recombination between MLL and its partner genes, particularly AF9, has been proposed.

AF9 (MLLT3) Antibody (Center V422) - References



lida, S., et al., Oncogene 8(11):3085-3092 (1993). Nakamura, T., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90(10):4631-4635 (1993). Strissel, P. L., et al., Hum. Molec. Genet. 9: 1671-1679 (2000).