

#### **ALAD Antibody (C-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6828b

#### **Specification**

#### **ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

**Primary Accession** P13716 Other Accession Q60HH9 Reactivity Human Predicted Monkey Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 36295 Antigen Region 244-272

### ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 210

#### **Other Names**

Delta-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase, ALADH, Porphobilinogen synthase, ALAD

#### Target/Specificity

This ALAD antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 244-272 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ALAD.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

ALAD Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

#### Name ALAD



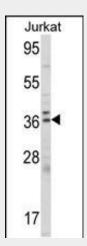
**Function** Catalyzes an early step in the biosynthesis of tetrapyrroles. Binds two molecules of 5-aminolevulinate per subunit, each at a distinct site, and catalyzes their condensation to form porphobilinogen.

### **ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

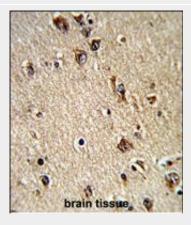
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Images

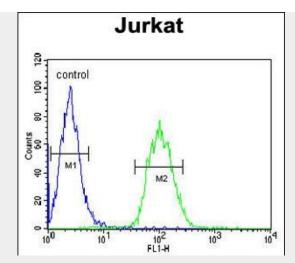


Western blot analysis of ALAD Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6828b) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). ALAD (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain tissue reacted with ALAD Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.





ALAD Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6828b) flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

### ALAD Antibody (C-term) - Background

The ALAD enzyme is composed of 8 identical subunits and catalyzes the condensation of 2 molecules of delta-aminolevulinate to form porphobilinogen (a precursor of heme, cytochromes and other hemoproteins). ALAD catalyzes the second step in the porphyrin and heme biosynthetic pathway; zinc is essential for enzymatic activity. ALAD enzymatic activity is inhibited by lead and a defect in the ALAD structural gene can cause increased sensitivity to lead poisoning and acute hepatic porphyria.

# **ALAD Antibody (C-term) - References**

Guey, L.T., et.al., Eur. Urol. (2009)