

GALK1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7081b

Specification

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P51570

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 42272
Antigen Region 345-375

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2584

Other Names

Galactokinase, Galactose kinase, GALK1, GALK

Target/Specificity

This GALK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 345-375 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human GALK1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name GALK1 (HGNC:4118)

Synonyms GALK

Function Catalyzes the transfer of a phosphate from ATP to alpha-D- galactose and participates in



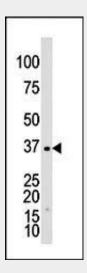
the first committed step in the catabolism of galactose.

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

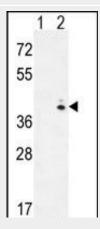
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



The anti-GALK1 Pab (Cat. #AP7081b) is used in Western blot to detect GALK1 in Y79 cell lysate.



Western blot analysis of GALK1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal hGALK1-A360 (Cat. #AP7081b). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the GALK1 gene.

GALK1 Antibody (C-term) - Background





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Galactokinase is a major enzyme for the metabolism of galactose and its deficiency causes congenital cataracts in the adult population. GALK1 sequence shares the greatest level of conservation, 44.5% identity with that from E. coli and 34.6% amino acid identity with the product of the human GALK2 gene.