

AAK1 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7861A

Specification

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q2M2I8

Other Accession <u>F1SPM8</u>, <u>F1MH24</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Bovine, Pig
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Human
Bovine, Pig
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
103885
186-216

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 22848

Other Names

AP2-associated protein kinase 1, Adaptor-associated kinase 1, AAK1, KIAA1048

Target/Specificity

This AAK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 186-216 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AAK1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name AAK1

Synonyms KIAA1048



Function Regulates clathrin-mediated endocytosis by phosphorylating the AP2M1/mu2 subunit of the adaptor protein complex 2 (AP-2) which ensures high affinity binding of AP-2 to cargo membrane proteins during the initial stages of endocytosis (PubMed:17494869, PubMed:11877457, PubMed:11877461, PubMed:12952931, PubMed:14617351, PubMed:25653444). Isoform 1 and isoform 2 display similar levels of kinase activity towards AP2M1 (PubMed:17494869). Preferentially, may phosphorylate substrates on threonine residues (PubMed:11877457, PubMed:18657069). Regulates phosphorylation of other AP-2 subunits as well

(PubMed:<u>11877457</u>, PubMed:<u>18657069</u>). Regulates phosphorylation of other AP-2 subunits as wel as AP-2 localization and AP-2-mediated internalization of ligand complexes (PubMed:<u>12952931</u>). Phosphorylates NUMB and regulates its cellular localization, promoting NUMB localization to endosomes (PubMed:<u>18657069</u>). Binds to and stabilizes the activated form of NOTCH1, increases its localization in endosomes and regulates its transcriptional activity (PubMed:<u>21464124</u>).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:F1MH24}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:F1MH24}. Membrane, clathrin-coated pit. Presynapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P0C1X8}. Note=Active when found in clathrin- coated pits at the plasma membrane. In neuronal cells, enriched at presynaptic terminals. In non-neuronal cells, enriched at leading edge of migrating cells. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P0C1X8}

Tissue Location

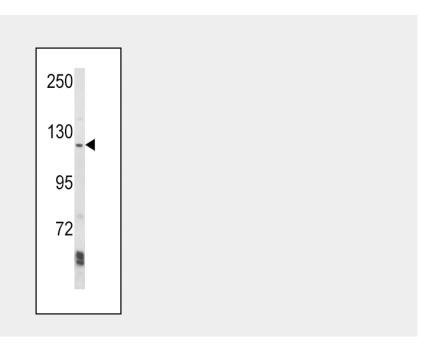
Detected in brain, heart and liver. Isoform 1 is the predominant isoform in brain.

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Images





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Western blot analysis of AAK1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP7861a) in Ramos cell line lysates (35ug/lane). AAK1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Adaptor-related protein complex 2 (AP-2 complexes) functions during receptor-mediated endocytosis to trigger clathrin assembly, interact with membrane-bound receptors, and recruit encodytic accessory factors. AAK1 is a member of the SNF1 subfamily of Ser/Thr protein kinases. The protein interacts with and phosphorylates a subunit of the AP-2 complex, which promotes binding of AP-2 to sorting signals found in membrane-bound receptors and subsequent receptor endocytosis. Its kinase activity is stimulated by clathrin.

AAK1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Henderson, D.M., Mol. Biol. Cell 18 (7), 2698-2706 (2007) Takahashi, T., Cancer Res. 66 (24), 11932-11937 (2006) Schmid, E.M., PLoS Biol. 4 (9), E262 (2006)