

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7874a

Specification

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

WB, IHC-P,E Application **Primary Accession** P11712 Reactivity Human Rabbit Host Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 55628 **Antigen Region** 82-110

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1559

Other Names

Cytochrome P450 2C9, 11413-, (R)-limonene 6-monooxygenase, (S)-limonene 6-monooxygenase, (S)-limonene 7-monooxygenase, CYPIIC9, Cytochrome P-450MP, Cytochrome P450 MP-4, Cytochrome P450 MP-8, Cytochrome P450 PB-1, S-mephenytoin 4-hydroxylase, CYP2C9, CYP2C10

Target/Specificity

This CYP2C9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 82-110 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CYP2C9.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name CYP2C9 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:11950794, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2623}



Function A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various endogenous substrates, including fatty acids and steroids (PubMed: 7574697, PubMed: 9866708, PubMed:9435160, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:15766564, PubMed:19965576, PubMed:21576599). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH--hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed: 7574697, PubMed: 9866708, PubMed:9435160, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:15766564, PubMed:19965576, PubMed:21576599). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) (PubMed: <u>7574697</u>, PubMed: <u>15766564</u>, PubMed: <u>19965576</u>, PubMed: <u>9866708</u>). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds. Metabolizes cholesterol toward 25-hydroxycholesterol, a physiological regulator of cellular cholesterol homeostasis (PubMed: 21576599). Exhibits low catalytic activity for the formation of catechol estrogens from 17beta- estradiol (E2) and estrone (E1), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2 (PubMed: 12865317). Catalyzes bisallylic hydroxylation and hydroxylation with double-bond migration of polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) (PubMed: 9866708, PubMed: 9435160). Also metabolizes plant monoterpenes such as limonene. Oxygenates (R)- and (S)-limonene to produce carveol and perillyl alcohol (PubMed: 11950794). Contributes to the wide pharmacokinetics variability of the metabolism of drugs such as Swarfarin, diclofenac, phenytoin, tolbutamide and losartan (PubMed: 25994031).

Cellular Location

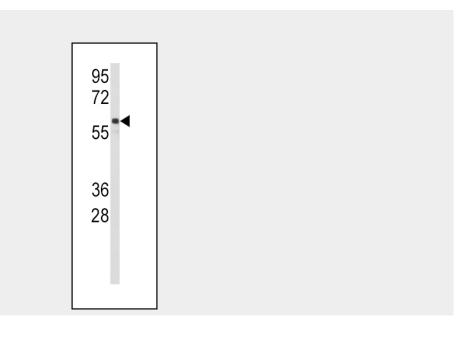
Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Microsome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

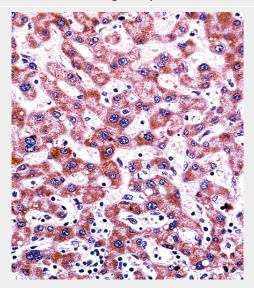
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Images





Western blot analysis of anti-CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP7874a) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). CYP2C9(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) (AP7874a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human liver tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - Background

CYP2C9 is a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monoxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and its expression is induced by rifampin. The enzyme is known to metabolize many xenobiotics, including phenytoin, tolbutamide, ibuprofen and S-warfarin.

CYP2C9 Antibody (N-term) - References

Matimba, A., Hum. Genomics 3 (2), 169-190 (2009) Nelson, D.R., Pharmacogenetics 14 (1), 1-18 (2004)