

AK1 Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP8160a**Specification**

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P00568
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	21635
Antigen Region	30-59

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID 203****Other Names**

Adenylate kinase isoenzyme 1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, AK 1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, 2743 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, 2746 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, ATP-AMP transphosphorylase 1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, ATP:AMP phosphotransferase {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, Adenylate monophosphate kinase {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, Myokinase {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}, AK1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}

Target/Specificity

This AK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 30-59 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AK1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AK1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name AK1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03171}

Function Catalyzes the reversible transfer of the terminal phosphate group between ATP and AMP (PubMed:[2542324](#)). Exhibits nucleoside diphosphate kinase activity, catalyzing the production of ATP, CTP, GTP, UTP, dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP from the corresponding diphosphate substrates with either ATP or GTP as phosphate donor (PubMed:[23416111](#)). Also catalyzes at a very low rate the synthesis of thiamine triphosphate (ThTP) from thiamine diphosphate (ThDP) and ADP (By similarity).

Cellular Location

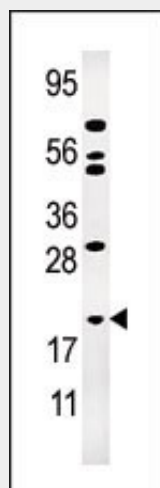
Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05081}.

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

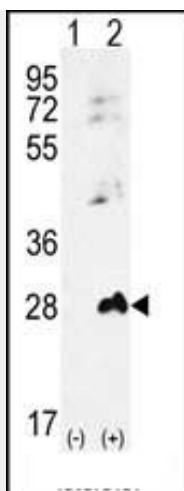
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-AK1 Pab (Cat. #AP8160a) in Jurkat cell line lysate (35ug/lane). AK1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of AK1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal AK1 Antibody (S45) (Cat. #AP8160a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the AK1 gene.

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Adenylate kinase is an enzyme involved in regulating the adenine nucleotide composition within a cell by catalyzing the reversible transfer of phosphate group among adinine nucleotides. Three isozymes of adenylate kinase have been identified in vertebrates, adenylate isozyme 1 (AK1), 2 (AK2) and 3 (AK3). AK1 is found in the cytosol of skeletal muscle, brain and erythrocytes, whereas AK2 and AK3 are found in the mitochondria of other tissues including liver and heart. AK1 was identified because of its association with a rare genetic disorder causing nonspherocytic hemolytic anemia where a mutation in the AK1 gene was found to reduce the catalytic activity of the enzyme.

AK1 Antibody (N-term) - References

- Corrons, J.L., et al., Blood 102(1):353-356 (2003).
- Toren, A., et al., Br. J. Haematol. 87(2):376-380 (1994).
- Zuffardi, O., et al., Hum. Genet. 82(1):17-19 (1989).
- Matsuura, S., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 264(17):10148-10155 (1989).
- Miwa, S., et al., Am. J. Hematol. 14(4):325-333 (1983).