

# **PLA2G4A Antibody (Center)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8510c

# **Specification**

### PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application IF, WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession P47712

Other Accession <u>P50393</u>, <u>Q9TT38</u>, <u>P47713</u>, <u>P50392</u>, <u>P49147</u>,

077793

Reactivity Human

Predicted Chicken, Zebrafish, Horse, Mouse, Rabbit,

Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 85239
Antigen Region 513-541

#### PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 5321**

#### **Other Names**

Cytosolic phospholipase A2, cPLA2, Phospholipase A2 group IVA, Phospholipase A2, Phosphatidylcholine 2-acylhydrolase, Lysophospholipase, PLA2G4A, CPLA2, PLA2G4

#### Target/Specificity

This PLA2G4A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 513-541 amino acids from the Central region of human PLA2G4A.

# **Dilution**

IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



# PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name PLA2G4A

Synonyms CPLA2, PLA2G4

Function Has primarily calcium-dependent phospholipase and lysophospholipase activities, with a major role in membrane lipid remodeling and biosynthesis of lipid mediators of the inflammatory response (PubMed:7794891, PubMed:8619991, PubMed:8702602, PubMed:9425121, PubMed: 10358058, PubMed: 14709560, PubMed: 16617059, PubMed: 17472963, PubMed: 27642067, PubMed: 18451993). Plays an important role in embryo implantation and parturition through its ability to trigger prostanoid production (By similarity). Preferentially hydrolyzes the ester bond of the fatty acyl group attached at sn-2 position of phospholipids (phospholipase A2 activity) (PubMed: 7794891, PubMed: 8619991, PubMed: 9425121, PubMed: 10358058, PubMed: 17472963, PubMed: 18451993). Selectively hydrolyzes sn-2 arachidonovl group from membrane phospholipids, providing the precursor for eicosanoid biosynthesis via the cyclooxygenase pathway (PubMed: 18451993, PubMed: 7794891, PubMed: 9425121, PubMed: 10358058, PubMed: 17472963). In an alternative pathway of eicosanoid biosynthesis, hydrolyzes sn-2 fatty acyl chain of eicosanoid lysophopholipids to release free bioactive eicosanoids (PubMed: 27642067). Hydrolyzes the ester bond of the fatty acyl group attached at sn-1 position of phospholipids (phospholipase A1 activity) only if an ether linkage rather than an ester linkage is present at the sn-2 position. This hydrolysis is not stereospecific (PubMed: 7794891). Has calcium-independent phospholipase A2 and lysophospholipase activities in the presence of phosphoinositides (PubMed: 12672805). Has O-acyltransferase activity. Catalyzes the transfer of fatty acyl chains from phospholipids to a primary hydroxyl group of glycerol (sn-1 or sn-3), potentially contributing to monoacylglycerol synthesis (PubMed: 7794891).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane. Nucleus envelope Note=Translocates to intracellular membranes in a calcium-dependent way.

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in various cells and tissues such as macrophages, neutrophils, fibroblasts and lung endothelium. Expressed in platelets (at protein level) (PubMed:25102815)

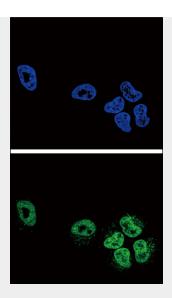
## PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

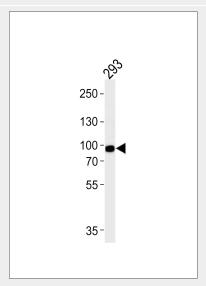
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Images



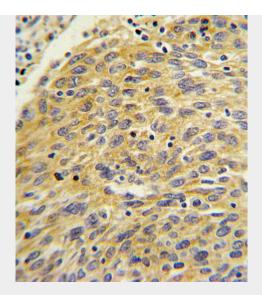


Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of PLA2G4A Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AP8510c) with NCI-H460 cell followed by Alexa Fluor ?488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).

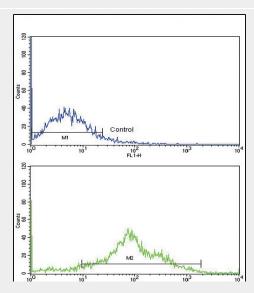


Western blot analysis of lysate from 293 cell line, using PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8510c). AP8510c was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma with PLA2G4A Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

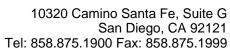


Flow cytometric analysis of NCI-H292 cells using PLA2G4A Antibody (Center)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - Background

PLA2G4A is a member of the cytosolic phospholipase A2 group IV family. The enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of membrane phospholipids to release arachidonic acid which is subsequently metabolized into eicosanoids. Eicosanoids, including prostaglandins and leukotrienes, are lipid-based cellular hormones that regulate hemodynamics, inflammatory responses, and other intracellular pathways. The hydrolysis reaction also produces lysophospholipids that are converted into platelet-activating factor. The enzyme is activated by increased intracellular Ca(2+) levels and phosphorylation, resulting in its translocation from the cytosol and nucleus to perinuclear membrane vesicles.

## PLA2G4A Antibody (Center) - References





Sharp, J.D., et.al., J. Biol. Chem. 266 (23), 14850-14853 (1991) Clark, J.D., et.al., Cell 65 (6), 1043-1051 (1991)