

**SOD1 Antibody (Center)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP8733c**

**Specification**

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**SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | IF, WB, IHC-P, FC,E    |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P00441</a> |
| Reactivity        | Human                  |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal             |
| Isotype           | Rabbit IgG             |
| Antigen Region    | 55-84                  |

**SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6647

**Other Names**

Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn], Superoxide dismutase 1, hSod1, SOD1

**Target/Specificity**

This SOD1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 55-84 amino acids from the Central region of human SOD1.

**Dilution**

IF~~1:10~50  
WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:50~100  
FC~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

SOD1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

**Name** SOD1 ([HGNC:11179](#))

**Function** Destroys radicals which are normally produced within the cells and which are toxic to

biological systems.

#### **Cellular Location**

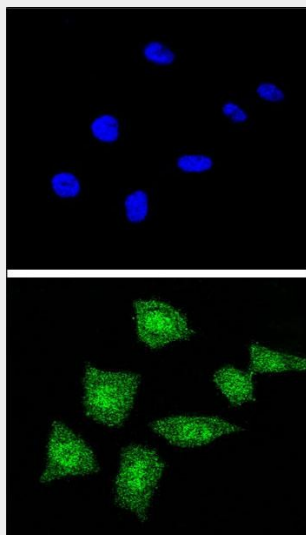
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic; the pathogenic variants ALS1 Arg-86 and Ala-94 gradually aggregates and accumulates in mitochondria.

#### **SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

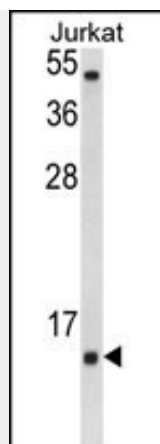
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

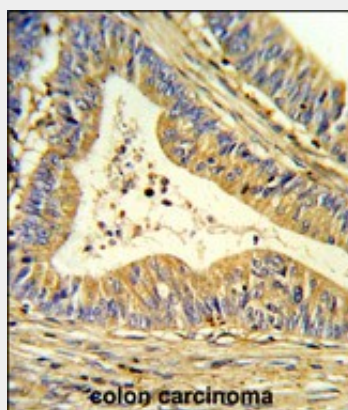
#### **SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Images**



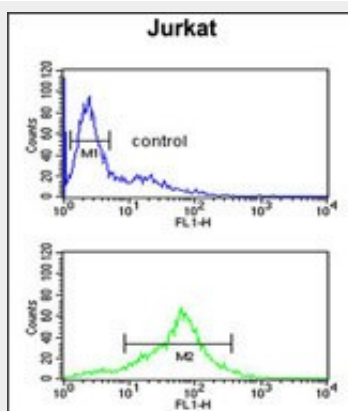
Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of SOD1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8733c) with 293 cell followed by Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Western blot analysis of SOD1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8733c) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). SOD1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma reacted with SOD1 Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



SOD1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8733c) flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

### SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Background

SOD1 binds copper and zinc ions and is one of two isozymes responsible for destroying free superoxide radicals in the body. This isozyme is a soluble cytoplasmic protein, acting as a

homodimer to convert naturally-occurring but harmful superoxide radicals to molecular oxygen and hydrogen peroxide. The other isozyme is a mitochondrial protein.

#### **SOD1 Antibody (Center) - References**

Crapo, J.D., et.al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89 (21), 10405-10409 (1992)

#### **SOD1 Antibody (Center) - Citations**

- [Effects of MUL1 and PARKIN on the circadian clock, brain and behaviour in Drosophila Parkinson's disease models.](#)
- [Glutathione-dependent and -independent oxidative stress-control mechanisms distinguish normal human mammary epithelial cell subsets.](#)