

## **PLB-T17 Antibody**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9884a

## **Specification**

## **PLB-T17 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

P26678
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
1-30

WB, IHC-P, FC,E

## **PLB-T17 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 5350** 

**Antigen Region** 

### **Other Names**

Cardiac phospholamban, PLB, PLN, PLB

## Target/Specificity

This PLB antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids of human PLB.

## **Dilution**

WB~~1:2000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

PLB-T17 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **PLB-T17 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name PLN (HGNC:9080)

# **Synonyms PLB**

Function Reversibly inhibits the activity of ATP2A2 in cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum by



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decreasing the apparent affinity of the ATPase for Ca(2+) (PubMed: 28890335). Modulates the contractility of the heart muscle in response to physiological stimuli via its effects on ATP2A2. Modulates calcium re-uptake during muscle relaxation and plays an important role in calcium homeostasis in the heart muscle. The degree of ATP2A2 inhibition depends on the oligomeric state of PLN. ATP2A2 inhibition is alleviated by PLN phosphorylation. Controls intracellular Ca(2+) levels in elongated spermatids. May play a role in germ cell differentiation (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:A4IFH6}; Single-pass membrane protein. Membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P61014}; Single-pass membrane protein. Note=Colocalizes with HAX1 at the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:17241641). Colocalizes with DMPK a the sarcoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:15598648).

### **Tissue Location**

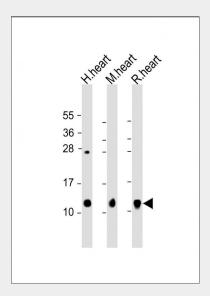
Heart muscle (at protein level).

## **PLB-T17 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

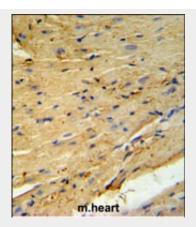
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## PLB-T17 Antibody - Images

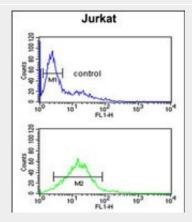


All lanes: Anti-PLB Antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: human heart lysate Lane 2: mouse heart lysate Lane 3: rat heart lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 6 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.





PLB-T17 Antibody (Cat. #AP9884a) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded mouse heart tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the PLB-T17 Antibody for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



PLB-T17 Antibody (Cat. #AP9884a) flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

## PLB-T17 Antibody - Background

PLB is a 52 amino acid phosphoprotein which regulates the calcium pump of cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum (SR). PLB is an oligomer of five identical subunits each having a cytoplasmic and transmembrane domain. The cytoplasmic domain (residues 1 to 25) contains the phosphorylation sites and is highly basic and readily cleaved by proteases; whereas the transmembrane domain (residues 25 to 52) is mostly hydrophobic, protease resistant and stabilizes the pentamer.