

# SLPI Antibody

Catalog # ASC10549

#### Specification

# SLPI Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Application Notes WB P03973 P97430, 6590 Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal IgG SLPI antibody can be used for detection of SLPI by Western blot at 1-2 µg/mL.

## **SLPI Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID6590Target/SpecificitySLPI antibody was raised against a 17 amino acid synthetic peptide from near the center of mouseSLPI.<br><br><br><br>The immunogen is located within amino acids 60 - 110 of SLPI.

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

SLPI antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

#### Precautions

SLPI Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **SLPI Antibody - Protein Information**

Name SLPI

Synonyms WAP4, WFDC4

Function

Acid-stable proteinase inhibitor with strong affinities for trypsin, chymotrypsin, elastase, and cathepsin G (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3533531" target="\_blank">3533531</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3462719" target="\_blank">3462719</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2039600" target="\_blank">2039600</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2110563" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2110563" target="\_blank">10702419</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2110563" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2110563" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10702419" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24121345" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24121345" target="\_blank">2110563</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24121345" target="\_blank">24121345</a>). Modulates the inflammatory and immune responses after bacterial infection, and after infection by the intracellular parasite L.major. Down-regulates

bacterial infection, and after infection by the intracellular parasite L.major. Down-regulates responses to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (By similarity). Plays a role in regulating the activation of NF-kappa- B and inflammatory responses (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10702419" target="\_blank">10702419</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24352879" target="\_blank">24352879</a>). Has antimicrobial activity against mycobacteria, but not against salmonella. Contributes to normal resistance against infection by M.tuberculosis. Required for normal resistance to infection by L.major. Required for normal wound healing, probably by preventing tissue damage by limiting protease activity (By similarity). Together with ELANE, required for normal differentiation and proliferation of bone marrow myeloid cells (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24352879" target="\_blank">24352879</a>).

Cellular Location Secreted

**Tissue Location** 

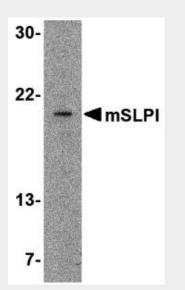
Detected in blood plasma (PubMed:24352879). Detected in bone marrow myeloid cells (PubMed:24352879). Detected in airway sputum (PubMed:2039600). Detected in parotid gland secretions (PubMed:3462719). Detected in seminal plasma (at protein level) (PubMed:3485543). Detected in uterus cervix (PubMed:3533531)

#### **SLPI Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### SLPI Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of SLPI in A-20 cell lysate with SLPI antibody at 2  $\mu$ g/mL.

## SLPI Antibody - Background

SLPI Antibody: Secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI) is produced at mucosal surfaces,



primarily the upper respiratory tract and is thought to play an important role in the antiprotease defense mechanism of the lung. SLPI forms inhibitory complexes with numerous proteolytic enzymes such as neutrophil elastase, and has been shown to possess anti-inflammatory, anti-viral, and antibacterial activities. Its expression in oral epithelial cells is stimulated by HIV-1 gp120, suggesting that SLPI is a component of the oral mucosal response to HIV-1. In peripheral blood monocytes, SLPI can inhibit NF-κB activation by inhibiting IκB degradation in the cytoplasm and competing for NF-κB binding sites in the nucleus. This attenuation of the inflammatory response may also act to suppress liver metastases and other cancer cell invasions, but promote blood-borne metastasis via an invasion-independent pathway.

### **SLPI Antibody - References**

Abe T, Kobayashi N, Yoshimura K, et al. Expression of the secretory leukoprotease inhibitor gene in epithelial cells. J. Clin. Invest.1991; 87:2207-15.

Hiemstra PS, Fernie-King BA, McMichael J, et al. Antimicrobial peptides: mediators of innate immunity as templates for the development of novel anti-infective and immune therapies. Curr. Pharm. Des.2004; 10:2891-905.

Jana NK, Gray LR and Shugars DC. Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 stimulates the expression and production of secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SPLI) in oral epithelial cells: a role for SLPI in innate mucosal immunity. J. Virol.2005; 79:6432-40.

Taggart CC, Cryan S-A, Weldon S, et al. Secretory leucoprotease inhibitor binds to NF-kB binding sites in monocytes and inhibits p65 binding. J. Exp. Med.2005; 202:1659-68.