

RAP80 Antibody

Catalog # ASC10580

Specification

RAP80 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Application Notes

WB, IHC, IF <u>O96RL1</u> <u>EAW85043</u>, <u>119605449</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal IgG RAP80 antibody can be used for detection of RAP80 by Western blot at 1 μg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 2.5 μg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 μg/mL.

RAP80 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID Target/Specificity UIMC1;

Reconstitution & Storage

RAP80 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

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Precautions

RAP80 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RAP80 Antibody - Protein Information

Name UIMC1

Synonyms RAP80, RXRIP110

Function

Ubiquitin-binding protein (PubMed:24627472). Specifically recognizes and binds 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin (PubMed:19328070, Ref.38). Plays a central role in the BRCA1-A complex by specifically binding 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated histones H2A and H2AX at DNA lesions sites, leading to target the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer to sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs). The BRCA1-A complex also possesses deubiquitinase activity that specifically removes 'Lys-63'- linked ubiquitin on histones H2A and H2AX. Also weakly binds monoubiquitin but with much less affinity than 'Lys-63'-linked



ubiquitin. May interact with monoubiquitinated histones H2A and H2B; the relevance of such results is however unclear in vivo. Does not bind Lys-48'-linked ubiquitin. May indirectly act as a transcriptional repressor by inhibiting the interaction of NR6A1 with the corepressor NCOR1.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs)

Tissue Location

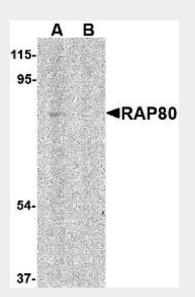
Expressed in testis, ovary, thymus and heart. Expressed in germ cells of the testis.

RAP80 Antibody - Protocols

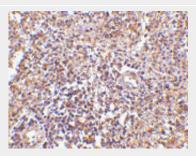
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

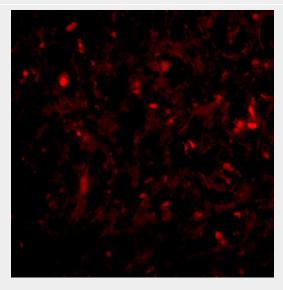
RAP80 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of RAP80 in 293 cell lysate in (A) the absence and (B) presence of blocking peptide with RAP80 antibody at 1 μ g/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of RAP80 in human spleen tissue with RAP80 antibody at 2.5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of RAP80 in human spleen tissue with RAP80 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

RAP80 Antibody - Background

RAP80 Antibody: RAP80 was initially identified as zinc-finger containing nuclear protein that is highly expressed in testis and interacts with the retinoid-related testis-associated receptor (RTR). Later experiments revealed that RAP80 is recruited by the Coiled-coil domain 98 (CCDC98) protein to the breast cancer-1 protein BRCA1, allowing the formation of BRCA1 foci in response to DNA damage caused by ionizing radiation. Both RAP80 and CCDC98 are required for DNA damage resistance, G2-M checkpoint control, and DNA repair. Cells depleted of either RAP80 or CCDC98 exhibited increased sensitivity to ionizing radiation, although not as much as in BRCA1-depleted cells, suggesting that RAP80 and CCDC98 control only part of the DNA damage response role of BRCA1. At least four isoforms of RAP80 are known to exist.

RAP80 Antibody - References

Yan Z, Kim YS, and Jetten AM. RAP80, a novel nuclear protein that interacts with the retinoid-related testis-associated receptor. J. Biol. Chem.2002; 277:32379-88.

Wang B, Matsuoka S, Balliff BA, et al. Abraxas and RAP80 form a BRCA1 protein complex required for the DNA damage response. Science2007; 316:1194-1198.

Kim H, Huang J, and Chen J. CCDC98 is a BRCA1-BRCT domain-binding protein involved in the DNA damage response. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol.2007; 14:710-5.

Liu Z, Wu J, and Yu X. CCDC98 targets BRCA1 to DNA damage sites. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol.2007; 14:716-20.