

SPRYD3 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11348

Specification

SPRYD3 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Application Notes WB, IHC, IF <u>O8NCJ5</u> <u>NP_116229</u>, <u>14249554</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal IgG SPRYD3 antibody can be used for detection of SPRYD3 by Western blot at 1 μg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 μg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 μg/mL.

SPRYD3 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 84926 Target/Specificity SPRYD3; SPRYD3 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with other SPRYD protein family members. At least two isoforms of SPRYD3 are known to exist.

Reconstitution & Storage

SPRYD3 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

SPRYD3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SPRYD3 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SPRYD3

SPRYD3 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

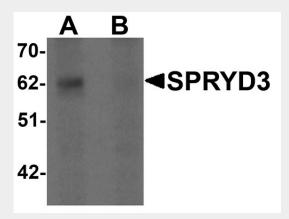
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



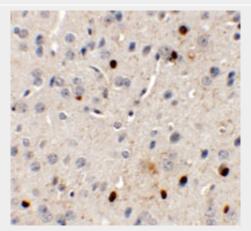
Immunoprecipitation

- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

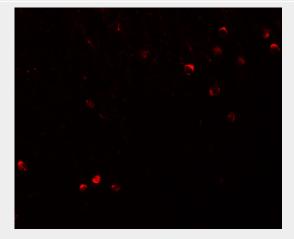
SPRYD3 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of SPRYD3 in human brain tissue lysate with SPRYD3 antibody at 1 μ g/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide



Immunohistochemistry of SPRYD3 in mouse brain tissue with SPRYD3 antibody at 5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of SPRYD3 in mouse brain tissue with SPRYD3 antibody at 20 μg/mL. SPRYD3 Antibody - Background



SPRYD3 Antibody: The SPRY domain-containing protein 3 (SPRYD3) is a member of a family of proteins whose sole common characteristic is the presence of a SPRY domain. SPRY domains are structural domains that were first described in the fungal Dictyostelium discoideum tyrosine kinase spore lysis A. In most systems SPRY domains provide binding sites for regulatory proteins or intramolecular binding sites that maintain the structural integrity of a protein. Little is known of the function of the SPRYD3 protein.

SPRYD3 Antibody - References

Tae H, Casarotto MG, and Dulhunty AF. Ubiquitous SPRY domains and their role in the skeletal type ryanodine receptor. Eur. Biophys. J. 2009; 39:51-9.