

TET2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11502

Specification

TET2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

Isotype Application Notes WB

Q6N021

NP 001120680, 187761317

Human Rabbit Polyclonal

IgG

TET2 antibody can be used for detection of

TET2 by Western blot at 1 μg/mL.

TET2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **54790**

Target/Specificity

TET2; At least two isoforms of TET2 are known to exist; this antibody will detect both isoforms.

Reconstitution & Storage

TET2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

TET2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TET2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TET2

Synonyms KIAA1546

Function

Dioxygenase that catalyzes the conversion of the modified genomic base 5-methylcytosine (5mC) into 5-hydroxymethylcytosine (5hmC) and plays a key role in active DNA demethylation. Has a preference for 5-hydroxymethylcytosine in CpG motifs. Also mediates subsequent conversion of 5hmC into 5-formylcytosine (5fC), and conversion of 5fC to 5-carboxylcytosine (5caC). Conversion of 5mC into 5hmC, 5fC and 5caC probably constitutes the first step in cytosine demethylation. Methylation at the C5 position of cytosine bases is an epigenetic modification of the mammalian genome which plays an important role in transcriptional regulation. In addition to its role in DNA demethylation, also involved in the recruitment of the O-GlcNAc transferase OGT to CpG-rich transcription start sites of active genes, thereby promoting histone H2B GlcNAcylation by OGT.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Localization to chromatin depends upon monoubiquitination at



Lys-1299.

Tissue Location

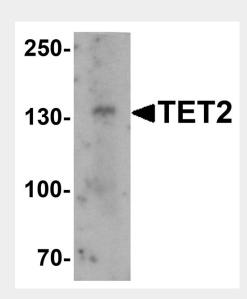
Broadly expressed. Highly expressed in hematopoietic cells; highest expression observed in granulocytes Expression is reduced in granulocytes from peripheral blood of patients affected by myelodysplastic syndromes.

TET2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TET2 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of TET2 in SK-N-SH cell lysate with TET2 antibody at 1 µg/mL.

TET2 Antibody - Background

TET2 Antibody: TET2, a member of the ten-eleven-translocation (TET) family of genes, is a methylcytosine dioxygenase that catalyzes the conversion of methylcytosine to 5-hydroxymethylcytosine. It is a candidate tumor suppressor gene reported to be mutated in approximately 14% of patients with JAK2V617F-positive myeloproliferative neoplasms, and can be mutated in other hematopoietic disorders such as myelodysplastic syndromes, acute myeloid leukemia, and chronic myelomonocytic leukemia. Analysis of the TET2 and JAK2 mutations in these neoplasms suggests that mutations in TET2 do not represent a predisposition for acquiring mutations in JAK2.

TET2 Antibody - References





Tefferi A, Levine RL, Lim KH, et al. Frequent TET2 mutations in systemic mastocytosis: clinical, KITD816V and FIPL1-PDGFRA correlates. Leukemia 2009; 23:900-4. Schaub FX, Looser R, Li S, et al. Clonal analysis of TET2 and JAK2 mutations suggests that TET2 can

be a late event in the progression of myeloproliferative neoplasms. Blood 2011; 115:2003-7.