

## **PHLPP1 Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11540

## **Specification**

## **PHLPP1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

Calculated MW Application Notes WB, ICC, IF 060346

NP 919431, 291219891

Human Rabbit Polyclonal

IgG

189 kDa KDa

PHLPP1 antibody can be used for detection of PHLPP1 by Western blot at  $1 - 2 \mu g/mL$ .

## **PHLPP1** Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 23239

**Target/Specificity** 

PHLPP1; At least four isoforms are known to exist; this antibody will only detect the largest isoform. PHLPP1 antibody is predicted to not cross react with PHLPP2.

### **Reconstitution & Storage**

PHLPP1 antibody can be stored at  $4^{\circ}$ C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

### **Precautions**

PHLPP1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **PHLPP1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name PHLPP1

Synonyms KIAA0606, PHLPP, PLEKHE1, SCOP

#### **Function**

Protein phosphatase involved in regulation of Akt and PKC signaling. Mediates dephosphorylation in the C-terminal domain hydrophobic motif of members of the AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family; specifically acts on 'Ser-473' of AKT2 and AKT3, 'Ser-660' of PRKCB and 'Ser-657' of PRKCA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15808505" target="\_blank">15808505</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17386267" target="\_blank">17386267</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18162466" target="\_blank">18162466</a>). Isoform 2 seems to have a major role in regulating Akt signaling in hippocampal neurons (By similarity). Akt regulates the balance between cell survival and apoptosis through a cascade that primarily alters the function of transcription factors that regulate pro- and antiapoptotic genes. Dephosphorylation of 'Ser-473' of Akt triggers apoptosis and suppression of tumor growth.



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Dephosphorylation of PRKCA and PRKCB leads to their destabilization and degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18162466" target=" blank">18162466</a>). Dephosphorylates STK4 on 'Thr-387' leading to STK4 activation and apoptosis (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20513427" target="\_blank">20513427</a>). Dephosphorylates RPS6KB1 and is involved in regulation of cap-dependent translation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21986499" target=" blank">21986499</a>). Inhibits cancer cell proliferation and may act as a tumor suppressor (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19079341" target=" blank">19079341</a>). Dephosphorylates RAF1 inhibiting its kinase activity (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24530606" target="\_blank">24530606</a>). May act as a negative regulator of K-Ras signaling in membrane rafts (By similarity). Involved in the hippocampus- dependent long-term memory formation (By similarity). Involved in circadian control by regulating the consolidation of circadian periodicity after resetting (By similarity). Involved in development and function of regulatory T-cells (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Nucleus. Note=In colorectal cancer tissue, expression is concentrated at the lateral membrane of epithelial cells

### **Tissue Location**

In colorectal cancer tissue, expression is highest in the surface epithelium of normal colonic mucosa adjacent to the cancer tissue but is largely excluded from the crypt bases. Expression is lost or significantly decreased in 78% of tested tumors (at protein level). Ubiquitously expressed in non-cancerous tissues

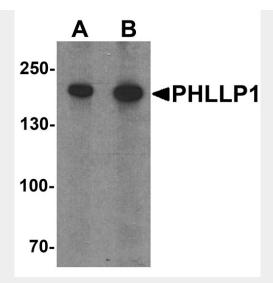
## **PHLPP1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# PHLPP1 Antibody - Images

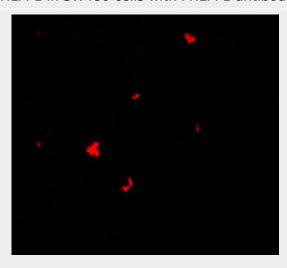




Western blot analysis of PHLPP1 in SW480 cell lysate with PHLPP1 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2  $\mu \text{g/mL}.$ 



Immunocytochemistry of PHLPP1 in SW480 cells with PHLPP1 antibody at 2.5 μg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of PHLPP1 in SW480 cells with PHLPP1 antibody at 5  $\mu$ g/ml.

**PHLPP1 Antibody - Background** 





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PHLPP1 Antibody: PHLPP1 is a member of the serine/threonine phosphatase family, which are important regulators of Akt serine-threonine kinases (AKT1, AKT2, AKT3) and conventional/novel protein kinase C (PKC) isoforms. PHLPP1 and PHLPP2 have a similar domain structure and have been shown to dephosphorylate and inactivate, distinct Akt isoforms, at one of the two critical phosphorylation sites required for activation: Serine473. PHLPP2 dephosphorylates AKT1 and AKT3, whereas PHLPP1 is specific for AKT2 and AKT3. PHLPP1 promotes apoptosis and may act as a tumor suppressor. Increased expression of PHLPP1 may also play a role in obesity and type 2 diabetes by interfering with Akt-mediated insulin signaling.

## **PHLPP1 Antibody - References**

Brognard J and Newton AC. PHLiPPing the switch on Akt and protein kinase C signaling. Trends Endocrinol. Metab. 2008; 19:223-30.

Gao T, Furnari F and Newton AC. PHLPP: a phosphatase that directly dephosphorylates Akt, promotes apoptosis, and suppresses tumor growth. Mol. Cell 2005; 18:13-24. Brognard J, Sierecki E, Gao T, et al. PHLPP and a second isoform, PHLPP2, differentially attenuate the amplitude of Akt signaling by regulating distinct Akt isoforms. Mol. Cell 2007; 25:917-31 Andreozzi F, Procopio C, Greco A, et al. Increased levels of the Akt-specific phosphatase PH domain leucine-rich repeat protein phosphatase (PHLPP)-1 in obese participants are associated with insulin resistance. Diabetologia 2011; 54:1879-87.