

# **TREM1 Antibody**

Catalog # ASC11600

#### **Specification**

# **TREM1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

Calculated MW Application Notes **WB** <u>Q9NP99</u>

NP 061113, 8924262

Human Rabbit Polyclonal

IgG

Predicted: 26 kDa KDa

TREM1 antibody can be used for detection of TREM1 by Western blot at 1 - 2  $\mu$ g/mL.

# **TREM1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID **54210** 

Target/Specificity

TREM1;

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

Antibody can be stored at 4°C up to one year. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

#### **Precautions**

TREM1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **TREM1 Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name TREM1

### **Function**

[Isoform 1]: Cell surface receptor that plays important roles in innate and adaptive immunity by amplifying inflammatory responses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10799849" target="\_blank">10799849</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21393102" target="\_blank">21393102</a>). Upon activation by various ligands such as PGLYRP1, HMGB1 or HSP70, multimerizes and forms a complex with transmembrane adapter TYROBP/DAP12 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25595774" target="\_blank">25595774</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17568691" target="\_blank">17568691</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29568119" target="\_blank">29568119</a>, In turn, initiates a SYK-mediated cascade of tyrosine phosphorylation, activating multiple downstream mediators such as BTK, MAPK1, MAPK3 or phospholipase C-gamma (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21659545" target="\_blank">21659545</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14656437" target="\_blank">14656437</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14656437" target="\_blank">14656437</a>). This cascade promotes the neutrophil- and macrophage- mediated release of pro-inflammatory cytokines and/or chemokines, as well as their migration and thereby amplifies inflammatory responses that are



triggered by bacterial and fungal infections (PubMed: <a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17568691" target="\_blank">17568691</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17098818" target="\_blank">17098818</a>). By also promoting the amplification of inflammatory signals that are initially triggered by Toll-like receptor (TLR) and NOD-like receptor engagement, plays a major role in the pathophysiology of acute and chronic inflammatory diseases of different etiologies including septic shock and atherosclerosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21393102" target="\_blank">21393102</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11323674" target="\_blank">11323674</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Recruited to lipid rafts when activated.

#### Tissue Location

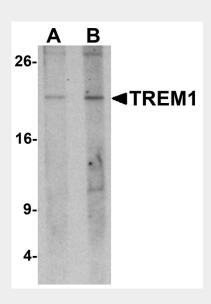
Mostly expressed by immune cells of the myeloid lineage, such as monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils and dendritic cells (PubMed:10799849). Expression is associated with a mature stage of myeloid development (PubMed:11922939). Highly expressed in adult liver, lung and spleen than in corresponding fetal tissue. Also expressed in the lymph node, placenta, spinal cord and heart tissues Isoform 2 was detected in the lung, liver and mature monocytes

### **TREM1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

# TREM1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of TREM1 in 293 cell lysate with TREM1 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.

### TREM1 Antibody - Background





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TREM1 Antibody: TREM1 (triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 1) is a receptor belonging to the Ig superfamily that amplifies neutrophil and monocyte-mediated inflammatory responses triggered by bacterial and fungal infections by stimulating release of pro-inflammatory chemokines and cytokines, as well as increased surface expression of cell activation markers. It is thought that TREM1 other related TREM proteins such as TREM2 act to modulate the inflammatory response. TREM1 has also been linked to inflammatory bowel disease resulting in enhanced production of TNF. IL-6. IL-8. and MCP-1.

### **TREM1 Antibody - References**

Bouchon A, Facchetti F, Weigand MA, et al. TREM-1 amplifies inflammation and is a crucial mediator of septic shock. Nature 2001; 410:1103-7.

Ford JW and McVicar DW. TREM and TREM-like receptors in inflammation and disease. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 2009: 21:38-46

Schenk M, Bouchon A, Seibold F, et al. TREM-1-expressing intestinal macrophages crucially amplify chronic inflammation in experimental colitis and inflammatory bowel diseases. J. Clin. Invest. 2007; 117:3097-106.