

ME2 Antibody
Catalog # ASC11774**Specification**

ME2 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF
Primary Accession	P23368
Other Accession	NP_002387 , 4505145
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 64 kDa

Application Notes	Observed: 60 kDa KDa ME2 antibody can be used for detection of ME2 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml. Antibody can also be used for Immunohistochemistry at 5 µg/mL. For Immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.
-------------------	---

ME2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	4200
---------	------

Target/Specificity

ME2; ME2 antibody is human specific. At least two isoforms of ME2 are known to exist; this antibody will detect both isoforms. ME2 antibody is predicted not to cross-react with ME1.

Reconstitution & Storage

ME2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

ME2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ME2 Antibody - Protein Information**Name** ME2**Function**

NAD-dependent mitochondrial malic enzyme that catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of malate to pyruvate.

Cellular Location

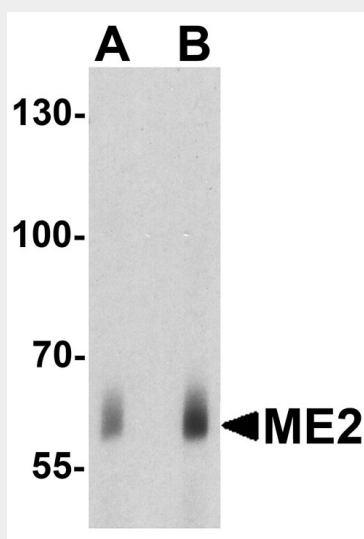
Mitochondrion matrix

ME2 Antibody - Protocols

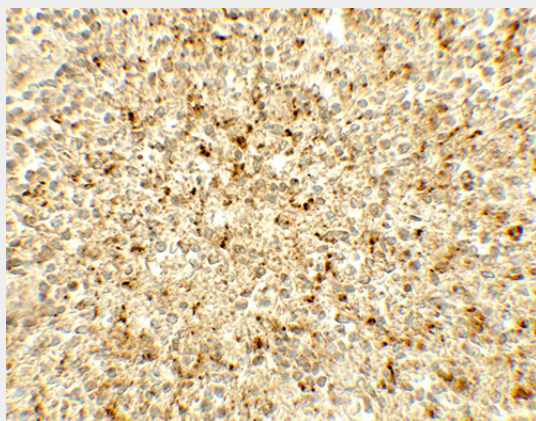
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

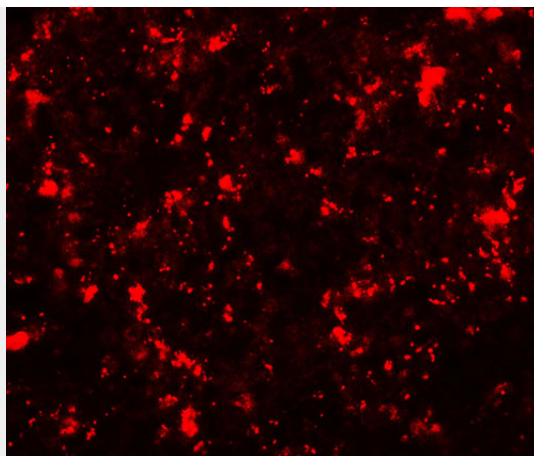
ME2 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of ME2 in human spleen tissue lysate with ME2 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$.



Immunohistochemistry of ME2 in human spleen tissue with ME2 antibody at 5 $\mu\text{g/mL}$.



Immunofluorescence of ME2 in human spleen tissue with ME2 antibody at 20 µg/mL.

ME2 Antibody - Background

ME2 is a homotetrameric, mitochondrial NAD-dependent malic enzyme that catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of malate to pyruvate (1). It is related to malic enzyme 1 (ME1), a cytoplasmic NADP-dependent enzyme that generates NADPH for fatty acid biosynthesis (2). The expression of both malic enzymes is reciprocally regulated by p53; this regulation has been shown to modulate metabolism and senescence (3). Certain single-nucleotide polymorphism haplotypes of the ME2 gene have been shown to increase the risk for idiopathic generalized epilepsy (4).

ME2 Antibody - References

Loeber G, Infante AA, Maurer-Fogy I, et al. Human NAD(+)-dependent mitochondrial malic enzyme. cDNA cloning, primary structure, and expression in *Escherichia coli*. *J. Biol. Chem.* 1991; 266:3016-21.

Gonzalez-Manchon C, Ferrer M, Ayuso MS, et al. Cloning, sequencing and functional expression of a cDNA encoding a NADP-dependent malic enzyme from human liver. *Gene* 1995;159:255-60.

Jiang P, Du W, Mancuso A, et al. Reciprocal regulation of p53 and malic enzymes modulates metabolism and senescence. *Nature* 2013; 493:689-83.

Lenzen KP, Heils A, Lorenz S, et al. Association analysis of malic acid enzyme 2 gene polymorphisms with idiopathic generalized epilepsy. *Epilepsia* 2005; 46:1637-41.