

PINK1 Antibody
Catalog # ASC11814**Specification**

PINK1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	IF, IHC
Primary Accession	Q9BXM7
Other Accession	NP_115785 , 65018
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 55 kDa

Application Notes	Observed: 53 kDa KDa PINK1 antibody can be used for detection of PINK1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.
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PINK1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **65018**

Target/Specificity

PINK1 antibody was raised against a 16 amino acid peptide near the amino terminus of human PINK1.

The immunogen is located within amino acids 120 - 170 of PINK1.

Reconstitution & Storage

PINK1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

PINK1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PINK1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name PINK1

Function

Serine/threonine-protein kinase which protects against mitochondrial dysfunction during cellular stress by phosphorylating mitochondrial proteins such as PRKN and DNMT1L, to coordinate mitochondrial quality control mechanisms that remove and replace dysfunctional mitochondrial components (PubMed:14607334, PubMed:18957282, PubMed:18443288, PubMed:15087508, PubMed:19229105, PubMed:19966284)

[target="_blank">19966284](#), PubMed:20404107, PubMed:22396657, PubMed:20798600, PubMed:23620051, PubMed:23754282, PubMed:23933751, PubMed:24660806, PubMed:24898855, PubMed:24751536, PubMed:24784582, PubMed:24896179, PubMed:25527291, PubMed:32484300, PubMed:20547144). Depending on the severity of mitochondrial damage and/or dysfunction, activity ranges from preventing apoptosis and stimulating mitochondrial biogenesis to regulating mitochondrial dynamics and eliminating severely damaged mitochondria via mitophagy (PubMed:18443288, PubMed:23620051, PubMed:24898855, PubMed:20798600, PubMed:20404107, PubMed:19966284, PubMed:32484300, PubMed:22396657, PubMed:32047033, PubMed:15087508). Mediates the translocation and activation of PRKN at the outer membrane (OMM) of dysfunctional/depolarized mitochondria (PubMed:19966284, PubMed:20404107, PubMed:20798600, PubMed:23754282, PubMed:24660806, PubMed:24751536, PubMed:24784582, PubMed:25474007, PubMed:25527291). At the OMM of damaged mitochondria, phosphorylates pre-existing polyubiquitin chains at 'Ser-65', the PINK1-phosphorylated polyubiquitin then recruits PRKN from the cytosol to the OMM where PRKN is fully activated by phosphorylation at 'Ser-65' by PINK1 (PubMed:19966284, PubMed:20404107, PubMed:20798600, PubMed:23754282, PubMed:24660806, PubMed:24751536, PubMed:24784582, PubMed:25474007, PubMed:25527291). In damaged mitochondria, mediates the decision between mitophagy or preventing apoptosis by promoting PRKN-dependent poly- or monoubiquitination of VDAC1; polyubiquitination of VDAC1 by PRKN promotes mitophagy, while monoubiquitination of VDAC1 by PRKN decreases mitochondrial calcium influx which ultimately inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:32047033). When cellular stress results in irreversible mitochondrial damage, functions with PRKN to promote clearance of damaged mitochondria via selective autophagy (mitophagy) (PubMed:15087508).

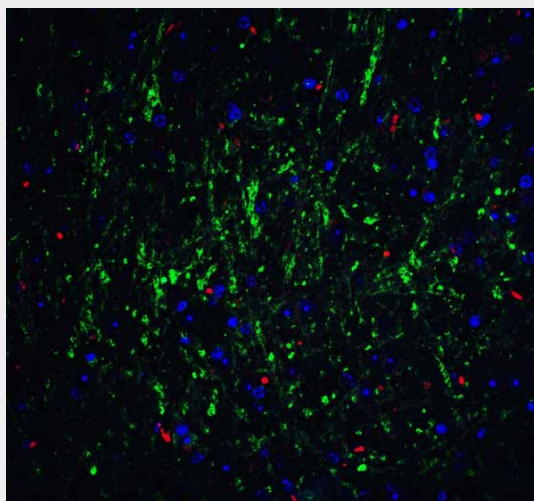
Cellular Location

Tissue Location

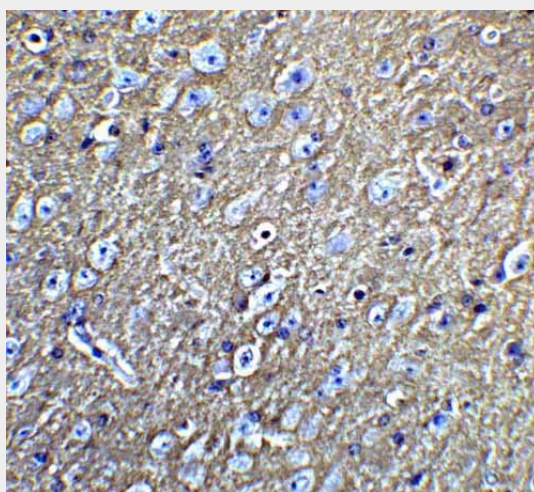
PINK1 Antibody - Protocols

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PINK1 Antibody - Images



Immunofluorescence of RPSA in mouse brain tissue with RPSA Antibody at 20 µg/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of LMX1B in mouse brain tissue with LMX1B Antibody at 5 µg/mL.

PINK1 Antibody - Background

The PTEN-induced putative kinase 1 (PINK1) is a serine/threonine protein kinase that localizes to mitochondria and is thought to protect cells from stress-induced mitochondrial dysfunction (reviewed in 1). PINK1 recruits the E3 ubiquitin ligase Parkin to mitochondria to initiate mitophagy, an autophagic process that clears damaged mitochondria within a cell (2). PINK1 is cleaved by the mitochondrial protease PARL (3). Mutations in this gene cause one form of autosomal recessive early-onset Parkinson disease (4).

PINK1 Antibody - References

Matsuda S, Kitagishi Y, and Kobayashi M. Function and characteristics of PINK1 in mitochondria. *Oxid. Med. Cell. Longev.* 2013;601587.
Corti O, Lesage S, and Brice A. What genetics tells us about the causes and mechanism of Parkinson's disease. *Physiol. Rev.* 2011; 91:1161-218.
Deas E, Plun-Favreau H, and Gandhi S, et al. PINK1 cleavage at position A103 by the mitochondrial protease PARL. *Hum. Mol. Genet.* 2011; 20:867-79.
Valente EM, Abou-Sleiman PM, Caputo V, et al. Hereditary early-onset Parkinson's disease caused by mutations in PINK1. *Science* 2004; 304:1158-60.