

S1PR2 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11940

Specification

S1PR2 Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession 095136

Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Reablit
Reactivity
Reactivity
Reablit

Clonality Polyclonal Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 39 kDa

Observed: 50 kDa KDa

Application Notes

S1PR2 antibody can be used for detection of S1PR2 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/ml.

Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry at 10 μg/ml.

S1PR2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **9294**

Target/Specificity

S1PR2 antibody was raised against an 16 amino acid peptide near the carboxy terminus of human S1PR2.

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Reconstitution & Storage

S1PR2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

S1PR2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

S1PR2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name S1PR2

Synonyms EDG5

Function

Receptor for the lysosphingolipid sphingosine 1-phosphate (S1P) (PubMed:10617617). S1P is a bioactive lysophospholipid that elicits diverse physiological effects on most types of cells and tissues (PubMed:10617617). When expressed in rat HTC4 hepatoma cells, is capable of mediating S1P-induced cell proliferation and suppression of apoptosis (PubMed:10617617). Receptor for the chemokine-like protein FAM19A5 (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29453251" target="_blank">29453251). Mediates the inhibitory effect of FAM19A5 on vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation and migration (By similarity).

Cellular Location

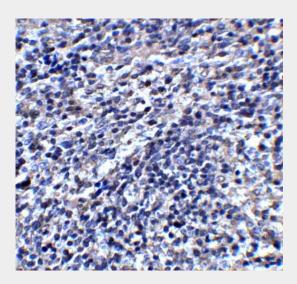
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

S1PR2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

S1PR2 Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemistry of ORAI3 in mouse spleen tissue with ORAI3 antibody at 2 µg/mL.

S1PR2 Antibody - Background

The Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor 2 (S1PR2) protein was initially identified as G-protein coupled receptor thought to be involved in development (1) and was found to mediate sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP)-induced cell rounding and neurite retraction (2). S1PR2 and the related protein S1PR3 (also known as EDG3) are also thought to mediate the SPP-induced cell proliferation, survival, and related signaling events (3). S1PR2 has also been found to be key regulator in acute vascular inflammation and may be a novel therapeutic target for vascular disorders (4).

S1PR2 Antibody - References

MacLennan AJ, Browe CS, Gaskin AA, et al. Cloning and characterization of a putative G-protein coupled receptor potentially involved in development. Mol. Cell Neurosci. 1994; 5:201-9. Van Brocklyn JR, Tu Z, Edsall LC, et al. Sphingosine 1-phosphate-induced cell rounding and neurite





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retraction are mediated by the G protein-coupled receptor H218. J. Biol. Chem. 1999; 274:4626-32. An S, Zheng Y, and Bleu T. Sphingosine 1-phosphate-induced cell proliferation, survival, and related signaling events mediated by G protein-coupled receptors Edg3 and Edg5. J. Biol. Chem. 275:288-96.

Zhang G, Yang L, Kim GS, et al. Critical role of sphingosine-1-phosphate receptor 2 (S1PR2) in acute vascular inflammation. Blood 2013; 122:443-55.