

BCLAF1 Antibody

Catalog # ASC11960

Specification

BCLAF1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC Primary Accession O9NYF8

Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Reactivity

Clonality Polyclonal Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 101 kDa; Observed: 105 kDa

KDa

Application Notes BCLAF1 antibody can be used for detection

of BCLAF1 by Western blot at 0.5 - 1 $\mu g/ml$.

Antibody can also be used for

immunohistochemistry starting at 5 μ g/mL.

BCLAF1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **9774**

Target/Specificity

BCLAF1; BCLAF1 antibody is human, mouse and rat reactive. At least four isoforms of BCLAF1 are known to exist; this antibody will detect all but isoform 2.

Reconstitution & Storage

BCLAF1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

BCLAF1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BCLAF1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name BCLAF1

Synonyms BTF, KIAA0164

Function

Death-promoting transcriptional repressor. May be involved in cyclin-D1/CCND1 mRNA stability through the SNARP complex which associates with both the 3'end of the CCND1 gene and its mRNA.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Nucleus, nucleoplasm

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

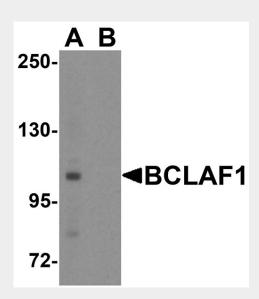


BCLAF1 Antibody - Protocols

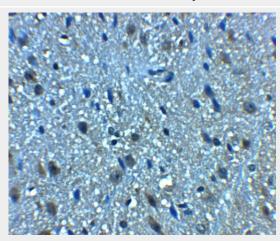
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

BCLAF1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of BCLAF1 in human brain tissue lysate with BCLAF1 antibody at 1 µg/ml.



Immunohistochemistry of BCLAF1 in mouse brain tissue with BCLAF1 antibody at 5 µg/mL.

BCLAF1 Antibody - Background

The BCL2-associated transcription factor 1 (BCLAF1) is a transcriptional repressor that interacts with several members of the BCL2 family of proteins. Overexpression of this protein induces





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apoptosis, which can be suppressed by co-expression of BCL2 proteins (1). BCLAF1 localizes to dot-like structures throughout the nucleus, and redistributes to a zone near the nuclear envelope in cells undergoing apoptosis. (2). More recent studies have suggested BCLAF1 plays roles in processes not associated with actions of the BCL2 family members, including lung development, T cell activation, and post-transcriptional processes that affect mRNA metabolism (3).

BCLAF1 Antibody - References

Kasof GM, Goyal L, and White E. Btf, a novel death-promoting transcriptional repressor that interacts with Bcl-2-related proteins. Mol. Cell Biol. 1999; 19:4390-404.

Haraguchi T, holaska JM, Yamana M, et al. Emerin binding to Btf, a death-promoting transcriptional repressor, is disrupted by a missense mutation that causes Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy. Eur. J. Biochem. 2004; 271:1035-45.

Sarras H, Azami SA, and McPherson JP. In search of a function for BCLAF1. The Scientific World Journal 2010; 10:1450-61.