

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant ACTL7B. Catalog # AT1031a

Specification

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession** 09Y614 Other Accession NM 006686 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG2a Kappa Calculated MW 45234

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10880

Other Names

Actin-like protein 7B, Actin-like-7-beta, ACTL7B

Target/Specificity

ACTL7B (NP_006677, 286 a.a. \sim 377 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

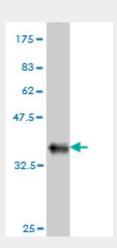
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry

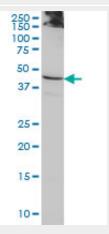


- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (35.86 KDa).



ACTL7B monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 6A4 Western Blot analysis of ACTL7B expression in HeLa ((Cat # AT1031a)

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of a family of actin-related proteins (ARPs) which share significant amino acid sequence identity to conventional actins. Both actins and ARPs have an actin fold, which is an ATP-binding cleft, as a common feature. The ARPs are involved in diverse cellular processes, including vesicular transport, spindle orientation, nuclear migration and chromatin remodeling. This gene (ACTL7B), and related gene, ACTL7A, are intronless, and are located approximately 4 kb apart in a head-to-head orientation within the familial dysautonomia candidate region on 9q31. Based on mutational analysis of the ACTL7B gene in patients with this disorder, it was concluded that it is unlikely to be involved in the pathogenesis of dysautonomia. Unlike ACTL7A, the ACTL7B gene is expressed predominantly in the testis, however, its exact function is not known.

ACTL7B Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References





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Diversification of transcriptional modulation: large-scale identification and characterization of putative alternative promoters of human genes. Kimura K, et al. Genome Res, 2006 Jan. PMID 16344560. The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH full-length cDNA project: the Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC). Gerhard DS, et al. Genome Res, 2004 Oct. PMID 15489334.DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 9. Humphray SJ, et al. Nature, 2004 May 27. PMID 15164053. Complete sequencing and characterization of 21,243 full-length human cDNAs. Ota T, et al. Nat Genet, 2004 Jan. PMID 14702039. Methylation of CpG dinucleotides in the open reading frame of a testicular germ cell-specific intronless gene, Tact1/Actl7b, represses its expression in somatic cells. Hisano M, et al. Nucleic Acids Res, 2003 Aug 15. PMID 12907721.