

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant ARHGDIB.

Catalog # AT1183a

Specification

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application	E
Primary Accession	P52566
Other Accession	BC009200
Reactivity	Human
Host	mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1 kappa
Calculated MW	22988

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 397

Other Names

Rho GDP-dissociation inhibitor 2, Rho GDI 2, Ly-GDI, Rho-GDI beta, ARHGDIB, GDIA2, GDID4, RAP1GN1

Target/Specificity

ARHGDIB (AAH09200, 1 a.a. ~ 201 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

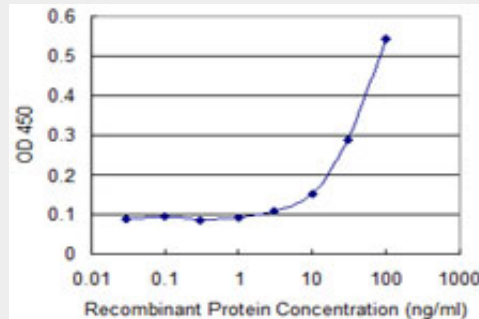
ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)

- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged ARHGDIB is approximately 3ng/ml as a capture antibody.

ARHGDIB Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

LyGDI is a promising biomarker for ovarian cancer. Zhen H, et al. Int J Gynecol Cancer, 2010 Apr. PMID 20375790. Pathways of metastasis suppression in bladder cancer. Said N, et al. Cancer Metastasis Rev, 2009 Dec. PMID 20013033. Genetic susceptibility to distinct bladder cancer subphenotypes. Guey LT, et al. Eur Urol, 2010 Feb. PMID 19692168. PTEN identified as important risk factor of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Hosgood HD 3rd, et al. Respir Med, 2009 Dec. PMID 19625176. Consensus transcriptome signature of perineural invasion in pancreatic carcinoma. Abiatari I, et al. Mol Cancer Ther, 2009 Jun. PMID 19509238.