

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant GHRL. Catalog # AT2199a

Specification

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, E **Primary Accession 09UBU3** Other Accession BC025791 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG2a Kappa Calculated MW 12911

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 51738

Other Names

Appetite-regulating hormone, Growth hormone secretagogue, Growth hormone-releasing peptide, Motilin-related peptide, Protein M46, Ghrelin-27, Ghrelin-28, Ghrelin, Obestatin, GHRL, MTLRP

Target/Specificity

GHRL (AAH25791.1, 1 a.a. ~ 117 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

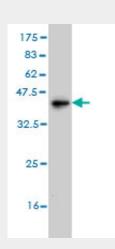
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot

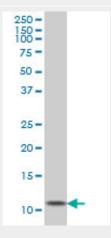


- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

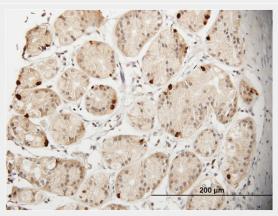
GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (38.61 KDa) .

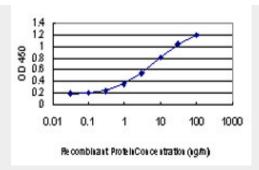


GHRL monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 2F4. Western Blot analysis of GHRL expression in HeLa.



Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to GHRL on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human stomach. [antibody concentration 1.5 ug/ml]





Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged GHRL is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

This gene encodes ghrelin-obestatin preproprotein, which generates ghrelin and obestatin. Ghrelin is an endogenous ligand for the growth hormone secretagogue receptor and is involved in regulating growth hormone release. Obestatin was initially reported to be an endogenous ligand for the orphan G protein-coupled receptor GPR39 and was involved in satiety and decreased food intake; however, these findings are controversial. Recent reports show that obestatin is involved in inhibiting thirst and anxiety, improving memory, regulating sleep, affecting cell proliferation, and increasing the secretion of pancreatic juice enzymes. Alternative promoters and alternative splicing result in multiple transcript variants, some of which encode different protein isoforms and some of which do not encode a protein but may regulate the ghrelin-obestatin preproprotein expression. In addition, antisense transcripts for this gene have been identified and may also function in regulation of the ghrelin-obestatin preproprotein expression.

GHRL Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

1.Mapping of Ghrelin Gene Expression and Cell Distribution in the Stomach of Morbidly Obese Patients-a Possible Guide for Efficient Sleeve Gastrectomy Construction.Goitein D, Lederfein D, Tzioni R, Berkenstadt H, Venturero M, Rubin M.Obes Surg. 2012 Jan 10. [Epub ahead of print]